#### Attachment A

# **Proposed 15-Day Modifications**

California Code of Regulations, Title 17, Division 3, Chapter 1, Subchapter 7.7, Article 1

Note: This document shows proposed modifications to the originally proposed amendments to the Regulation for the Reporting of Criteria Air Pollutants and Toxic Air Contaminants, as presented during the November 19, 2020, meeting of the California Air Resources Board. At that meeting, the Board directed staff to make modifications to the proposed amendments based on public comments received, and to provide these updates for public comment for a period of at least 15 days.

The pre-existing regulation text is set forth below in normal type. The original proposed amendments are shown in <u>underline</u> formatting to indicate additions and <u>strikeout</u> to indicate deletions. The additional proposed modifications made available with the notice of public availability of modified text dated March XY, 2021, are shown in <u>double-underline</u> to indicate additions and <u>double-strikethrough</u> to indicate deletions.

The symbol "\*\*\*" means that intervening text not proposed for amendment is not shown.

# Proposed Amendments to the Regulation for the Reporting of Criteria Air Pollutants and Toxic Air Contaminants

California Code of Regulations, Title 17, Division 3, Chapter 1, Subchapter 7.7, Articles 1 and 2

Amend Subchapter 7.7, Article 1, and sections 93400, 93401, 93402, 93403, 93404, 93405, 93406, 93407, 93408, 93409, 93410, title 17, California Code of Regulations, and adopt new Subchapter 7.7, Article 2, sections 93420, 93421, and new Subchapter 7.7, Article 2, Appendices A and B to title 17, California Code of Regulations, to read as follows:

Subchapter 7.7: Regulation for the Reporting of Criteria Air Pollutants and Toxic Air Contaminants
Article 1. General Requirements for Criteria and Toxics Reporting

#### § 93400. Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this article is to establish a uniform statewide system <u>for the</u>of annual reporting of emissions of criteria air pollutants and toxic air contaminants for specified permitted facilities that have been issued one or more permits to operate by a local air

quality management district, air pollution control district, or air resources district. This article also requires owners or operators of specified permittedsuch facilities to report to the state board (or in many cases, the local air district) annual emissions of criteria air pollutants and toxic air contaminants (or associated activity level data) using the uniform statewide system of annual reporting. This article implements the requirements of sections 39607 and 39607.1 of the California Health and Safety Code (H&SC) by identifying facilities subject to annual reporting, data to be reported, mechanisms for reporting, requirements for quantifying emissions data, and the timing and phase-in of specified data reporting requirements. It is also designed to support implementation and tracking of the requirements outlined in sections 42705.5 and 44391.2 of the H&SC.

NOTE: Authority cited: 39600, 39601, <u>39602</u>, 39605, <u>39606</u>, 39607, 39607.1, <u>39607.3</u>, 39701, <u>40913</u>, <u>41500</u>, 41511, 42700, 42705, 42705.5, 42705.6, and 44391.2, Health and Safety Code. Reference: <u>39003</u>, <u>39500</u>, <u>39606</u>, 39607.1, 42705.5, <u>44301</u>, 44391.2 Health and Safety Code.

#### § 93401. Applicability

(a) General Applicability.

Except as provided in section 93401(b), this article applies to the owners or operators of any facility described in sections 93401(a)(1), (2), er-(3), or (4) that is located in California and has been issued a permit to operate by an air district. The applicability determination must include the data year emissions from all permitted processes and devices at the facility. Emissions from unpermitted processes and devices, including unpermitted processes and devices releasing fugitive emissions, are not to be included in the applicability determination.

- (1) Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Reporter Applicability (GHG Facility). A facility that is required to report to the state board the facility's greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to H&SC section 38530 at the beginning of for the data year, pursuant to H&SC section 38530. For determining applicability under section 93401(a)(1), a facility includes any onshore petroleum and natural gas production facility.
- (2) Criteria Emissions Greater Than 250 Tons per Year (tpy) Applicability (Criteria Facility). A facility that is located in an air district for which any portion of the air district has been designated as nonattainment with respect to either the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) or the California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS), and that is authorized by one or more permit(s) issued by an air district to emit 250 or more tpy of any applicable nonattainment pollutant or its precursors at the beginning of during the data year.
- (3) Elevated Prioritization Toxics Applicability (Elevated Toxics Facility). A facility that is categorized by the <u>local</u> air district as high priority for toxic air contaminant emissions at the <u>beginning of the data year-beginning of the data year-reporting deadline for the data year specified in section 93403(e)</u>, based on cancer or noncancer health impacts pursuant to H&SC section 44360. A

- local air district may recategorize a facility's priority based on an assessment of human health risk or other information, pursuant to the district's prioritization policies.
- (4) Additional Applicability (Additional Applicability Facility). A facility with one or more permits to operate issued by an air district with actual emissions or activity levels exceeding any of the thresholds specified in (A) through (C) below, within the data year. The applicability determination must include the data year emissions from all permitted processes and devices at the facility. If local air district rules or policies require reporting of emissions from unpermitted sources for a facility, such sources may be included in the applicability determination specified in (A) through (C), below.
  - (A) For a facility located within District Group A, 4 tpy of any criteria air pollutant (except for carbon monoxide). For a facility located within District Group B, 10 tpy of any criteria air pollutant (except for carbon monoxide). At the discretion of the local air district, the 4 tpy and 10 tpy thresholds for applicability can be based on the facility's authorized (permitted) potential to emit, instead of actual data year emissions.
  - (B) 100 tpy of carbon monoxide. At the discretion of the local air district, the 100 tpy threshold for applicability can be based on the facility's authorized (permitted) potential to emit, instead of actual data year emissions.
  - (C) Activity levels or emissions levels published in Appendix A, Table A-3 for a permitted emissions process at a facility classified with a matching primary or secondary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code or North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code listed for the permitted emissions process. If the SIC or NAICS codes have a designation of "Any" in Table A-3 for a permitted process, then reporting for the process is required regardless of the SIC or NAICS designation for the facility performing the process, if the listed activity level reporting threshold is exceeded.

#### (b) Facility Exclusions.

(1) For facilities identified in section 93401(a)(1), this article does not apply to, and emissions reporting is not required for, the following facilities or entities that are subject to reporting their greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to <u>California Code of Regulations (CCR)</u>, title 17, section 95101:

- (2) This article does not apply to, and emissions reporting is not required for the sources specified in subsections (A), (B), and (C) below. Any emissions associated with the specified sources are excluded from facility applicability determinations.
  - (A)(2)This article does not apply to, and emissions reporting is not required for, Emissions from the combustion of diesel fuel or other fuels in internal

- combustion engines <u>that are</u> used for irrigation pumps (including booster pumps and groundwater well pumps) at agricultural operations.
- (B)(3)This article does not apply to, and emissions reporting is not required for, Emissions from open burning of fields, or open burning of agricultural wastes or agricultural residues, or permitted open burning including prescribed forest burns and permitted open burning of debris on-site that is subject to burn permitting by a local air district.
- (C)(4)This article does not apply to, and emissions reporting is not required for, Emissions from tactical support equipment (TSE).
- (c) Cessation of Reporting.

The owner or operator of a facility that is subject to reporting pursuant to the applicability criteria in sections 93401(a)(1), (2), er-(3), or (4), and submits notification to the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and the local air district according to this section certifying that no applicability criteria apply to the facility, may cease reporting required by this article.

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(d) Determination of Nonapplicability. CARB's Executive Officer or the Air Pollution
Control Officer of the local air district, or their respective designees may request
from any facility owner or operator emissions data, fuel use, throughput information,
activity data, or process data necessary to determine if the facility meets one or
more of the applicability criteria specified under sections 93401(a)(1) through (4).
Requests by the Executive Officer or local air districts shall be based on the
evaluation of CARB, local air district, or other information regarding the expected or
known facility operations, processes, or emission levels, which indicate whether
there is reasonable potential for a facility to be subject to one or more of the
applicability criteria of this article. Such requested information must be provided to
the Executive Officer or local air district within 30 calendar days of receipt of a
written request. The requestor may grant an extension of up to 30-60 additional
calendar days to collect and submit the required information.

NOTE: Authority cited: 39600, 39601, <u>39602</u>, 39605, <u>39606</u>, 39607, 39607.1, <u>39607.3</u>, 39701, <u>40913</u>, <u>41500</u>, 41511, 42700, 42705, 42705.5, 42705.6, and 44391.2, Health and Safety Code. Reference: <u>39003</u>, <u>39500</u>, <u>39606</u>, 39607.1, 42705.5, <u>44301</u>, 44391.2 Health and Safety Code.

#### § 93402. Definitions

(a) For the purposes of this article, the following definitions apply:

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"Actual emissions" or "actual air emissions" means the mass of a criteria air pollutant or toxic air contaminant measured, observed, or estimated to have been actually released by a process into the atmosphere during an associated data year, except in the case of radionuclide emissions, where the actual emissions areis

quantified in units of radioactivity instead of mass.

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"Air District Group" or "District Group" means the air district group identifier for a facility, as denoted in Appendix A, Table A-2. The air district classification identifier is used in conjunction with Tables A-1 and B-1 the Sector Phase to determine the initial data year for a facility subject to this article per section 93401(a)(4)(A) through (C).

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"Applicable nonattainment pollutant or its precursors" means:

- A pollutant for which any portion of the air district in which the facility is located has been designated as nonattainment with respect to NAAQS under 42 <u>United States Code (U.S.C.)</u> section 7407(d) and the precursors of such pollutants identified in the applicable State Implementation Plan, including local attainment plans, approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (<u>U.S. EPA</u>);
- A pollutant for which any portion of the air district in which the facility is located has been identified as nonattainment with respect to a CAAQS under H&SC section 39608 and the precursors of such pollutants listed in CCR, title 17, section 70700.

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"Data year" means the calendar year in which emissions occurred.

"Design capacity" means, for devices or emissions units that combust gaseous, liquid, or solid fuels, the maximum design capacity of the device or emissions unit. For example, design capacity may be expressed as million British thermal units per hour (mmBtu/hr) or <a href="mailto:brake">brake</a> horsepower (<a href="mailto:brake">bhp</a>), or for nameplate capacities for electric generators, megawatts (MW).

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<u>"Direct-Drive Emergency Standby Fire Pump Engines" means engines directly coupled to pumps exclusively used in water-based fire-protection systems.</u>

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<u>"Emergency standby engine" means a stationary engine that meets the definition of</u> <u>"emergency standby engine" as defined in title 17, CCR, section 93115.</u>

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"Emittent ID" means the Emittent IDsidentification numbers assigned tofor substances as identified in Appendix A-1A-1, Substances for which Emissions Must Be Quantified, of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program, version effective September 26, 2007, as issued by CARB, which is incorporated by reference herein, or as identified in Appendix B, Table B-1 of this article.

"Enforceable" means legally required, and subject to enforcement actions under the authority of CARB or local air districts to hold a particular party liable and to take appropriate action if any of the provisions or requirements are violated.

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"Facility" means any physical property, plant, building, structure, or stationary equipment, having one or more sources, <u>classified under the same two-digit, i.e., major industry grouping Standard Industrial Classification code (SIC) or under the same North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code, located on one or more contiguous or adjacent properties in actual physical contact or separated solely by a public roadway or other public right-of-way and under common ownership or common control.</u>

 Operators of military installations may classify such installations as more than a single facility based on distinct and independent functional groupings within contiguous military properties. See also the definition for "Onshore petroleum and natural gas production facility" for additional specifications regarding these facilities.

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"Industrial sources" means those entities that report greenhouse gas emissions under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes listed in Table 8-1 of the Cap-and-Trade Regulation (CCR title 17, section 95870); this includes entities that perform manufacturing activities, mining activities, support activities for air transportation, and the growing of food in greenhouses.

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"Particulate matter" or "PM" is a criteria air pollutant for the purposes of this article. The requirements for reporting particulate matter are included in 93404(c)(1)(A). For the purposes of this article, the following definitions apply:

- "PM<sub>2.5</sub>" means PM with an aerodynamic diameter equal to or less than 2.5 micrometers, including both filterable PM and condensable PM.
- "PM<sub>10</sub>" means PM with an aerodynamic diameter equal to or less than 10 micrometers, including both filterable PM and condensable PM. PM<sub>10</sub> will include PM<sub>2.5</sub>.
- "Condensable PM" means material that exists in vapor phase at stack conditions, but which condenses or reacts upon cooling or dilution in the ambient air to form solid or liquid PM after discharge from the stack. All condensable PM is in the PM<sub>2.5</sub> size fraction.
- "Filterable PM" means particles that are directly emitted by a source as a solid or liquid at stack or release conditions such that they could be captured on the filter of a <u>stack\_source\_test</u> sampling train. Filterable PM can be in the PM<sub>2.5</sub> or PM<sub>10</sub> size fraction, or may be larger in size.

"Permit" or "Air District Permit" means a <u>temporary or permanent</u> document, issued by a district, which authorizes a facility to <del>construct or</del> operate a device, process, or facility that emits substances into the air, including, but not limited to, criteria air

pollutants and toxic air contaminants. Permits may establish numeric limits on activity levels for devices or processes, or the amount of emissions a facility is legally authorized to emit over a specified period of time. If existing air district policy requires emissions data reporting under the requirements of an air district issued authority to construct or permit to construct, districts may treat these documents as "Permits" or "Air District Permits" for the purpose of implementing the CTR requirements this article.

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"Permit or rule emissions limit" means the individual pollutant emissions limit(s) or activity limit(s) designated in applicable rule(s), permits or best available control technologies (BACT) determinations for a given device or emittingssions activity limit.

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"Pollutant code" means the numeric codes associated with the pollutant names as specified in the table below.

Pollutant Code	Pollutant Name	Abbreviated Name
42101	Carbon Monoxide	CO
42603	Oxides of Nitrogen	NO <sub>x</sub>
42401	Oxides of Sulfur	SO <sub>x</sub>
11101	Particulate Matter	PM
85101	Particulate Matter 10 Microns or Less	PM <sub>10</sub>
88101	Particulate Matter 2.5 Microns or Less	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
16113	Reactive Organic Gases	ROG
43101	Total Organic Gases	TOG
43104	Volatile Organic Compounds	VOC
<u>42604</u> <del>7664417</del>	Ammonia (toxics Emittent ID 7664417)	NH <sub>3</sub>
<u>12128</u> <del>7439921</del>	Lead (toxics Emittent ID 7439921)	Pb

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"Release point typephysical configuration" means an indication of whether the stack or release point is fugitive, vertical, horizontal, goose-neck, vertical with rain cap, or er downward-facing vent, or unknown.

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"Short ton" means a common international measurement for mass, equivalent to 2,000 pounds, referred to as "tons" herein.

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"Source Classification Code(s)" or "SCCs" means the <u>typically</u> eight-digit code(s) that represent distinct source processes, as listed in Appendix C to the "Staff Report: Initial Statement of Reasons" published by the California Air Resources <del>Control</del> Board on October 23, 2018, which is incorporated by reference herein.

"Standard Industrial Classification Codes" or "SICs" or "SIC Codes" means the four-digit codes that are used to identify and classify a company's primary business function or activity. SIC code numbers were last updated in 1987 by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget, and are no longer maintained or revised. The SIC codes are available on the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, "SIC Division Structure" website page, which is incorporated by reference herein.

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"Toxic air contaminant" means, for the purpose of this article, those substances identified in Appendix A-1A-I of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program (EICG), version effective September 26, 2007, as issued by CARB, and substances identified in Appendix B, Table B-1 of this article.

"Unit Type Code" means the three-digit-numeric code that represents the broad category or type of a device, from the "UnitTypeCode" value list as listed in Table 1 of Appendix B to the "Staff Report: Initial Statement of Reasons" for the Public Hearing to Consider Amendments to the Regulation for the Reporting of Criteria Air Pollutants and Toxic Air Contaminants, dated October 2, 2020, and published by the California Air Resources Board defined in the U.S. EPA Data Element Registry Service (DERS, Accessed August 20, 2018), which is incorporated by reference herein. Examples of Unit Type Codes include: 100 (for Boilers), 120 (for Turbines), and 200 (for Furnaces).

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NOTE: Authority cited: 39600, 39601, <u>39602</u>, 39605, <u>39606</u>, 39607, 39607.1, <u>39607.3</u>, 39701, <u>40913</u>, <u>41500</u>, 41511, 42700, 42705, 42705.5, 42705.6, and 44391.2, Health and Safety Code. Reference: <u>39003</u>, <u>39500</u>, <u>39606</u>, 39607.1, 42705.5, <u>44301</u>, 44391.2 Health and Safety Code.

#### § 93403. Emission Reporting Requirements

Owners or operators of the facilities subject to this article must submit complete annual emissions data reports according to the requirements specified in section 93403 for criteria air pollutants and toxic air contaminants.

- (a) GHG, Criteria, and Elevated Toxics Facilities Emissions Reporting: Phase-In Schedule. Owners or operators of a GHG, Criteria, or Elevated Toxics Facility subject to reporting per sections 93401(a)(1), (2), or (3) must submit annual emissions reports according to the following phase-in schedule.
  - (1) Annual Emissions Reporting Using Existing District Program and Methods: Phase-In Period. Owners or operators of a facility specified below in 93403(a)(1)(A) and (B) must submit annual emissions reports during the phase-in periods described below that include all data as specified by the local air district's existing emissions reporting program and methods for the 12-month period of time currently required to be reported by the local air

district. The annual emissions reports submitted during this phase-in period do not require reporting of the contents of section 93404, unless required by the local air district. Facility owners or operators submitting emissions reports during the phase-in period must either provide emissions data for the criteria air pollutants and toxic air contaminants pursuant to the local air district's existing emissions reporting program, or provide sufficient activity level data for the air district to calculate such emissions using the existing district program and methods. Emissions reports must provide the same criteria air pollutants and toxic air contaminants that have most recently been reported to the local air district using applicable data year activity level data, or provide sufficient activity level data to calculate such emissions.

- (A) For GHG and Criteria Facilities subject to reporting per sections 93401(a)(1) and (2), the above phase-in period and district existing methods requirements apply for the 2019 data year-reported in 2020.
  - 1. Criteria Facility Permitted Emissions Reporting Delay. Criteria Facilities subject to reporting per section 93401(a)(2), but not subject to 93401(a)(1) or 934041(a)(3), are not required to provide an annual emissions report per this article for the 2019 data year unless actual emissions of any applicable nonattainment pollutant or its precursors exceeds 250 tpy. Following the 2019 data <a href="submission in 2020year">submission in 2020year</a>, applicability for Criteria Facilities is based on <a href="mailto:air district">air district</a> permitted <a href="emissions">emissions</a>, and not actual emissions.
- (B) For e<u>E</u>levated Toxics Facilities subject to reporting <u>only</u> per section 93401(a)(3), the above <u>section 93403(a)(1)</u> phase-in <del>period</del>-and district existing methods requirements apply to both the 2019 data <del>year</del>-reported in 2020, and the 2020 data <del>year</del>-reported in 2021.
- (2) Annual Emissions Reporting. Following the phase-in periods described above in 93403(a)(1), owners and operators of GHG, Criteria, or Elevated Toxics Facilities must submit annual emissions reports according to the requirements and containing the contents—Facility Data of section 93404(a) and the Full Report Contents of 93404(b)(1).
  - (A) Release Location Data Reporting: Phase-In Schedule. Owners or operators of a GHG, Criteria, or Elevated Toxic Facility subject per 93401(a)(1), (2), or (3) may defer reporting the release location data specified in 93404(b)(1)(D) and the substances listed in Appendix B. Table B-2, until 2022 data reported in 2023. Additionally, for these sources, reporting of substances listed in Appendix B, Table B-3, may be deferred until 2026 data reported in 2027.

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(b) Additional Applicability Facilities Emissions Reporting: Phase-In Schedule. Owners and operators of an Additional Applicability Facility subject to reporting only per section 93401(a)(4) and no other applicability criteria, must submit emissions reports according to this section the following phase-in schedule.

- (1) Initial Emissions Reporting. Based on the facility District Group location and the Sector Phase of the Permitted Process triggering applicability, o where and operators of an Additional Applicability Facility subject to reporting only per section 93401(a)(4) and no other applicability criteria, must submit an initial emissions report for the data year indicated in Table A-1 of Appendix A, except for agricultural operation facilities as specified in 93403(b)(45). As specified under Section 93401(a)(4)(C), once any applicability criteria is met by a facility, all facility sources specified in 93404(c)(2) are reportable, regardless of the Sector Phase of additional facility sources. Submittal of emissions reports for other data years is optional until the years indicated for Annual Emissions Reporting in 93403(b)(2).
- (2) Annual Emissions Reporting. With the exception of facilities that meet the Sector Phase 3B category criteria in Table A-3, f=ollowing initial emissions reporting, owners and operators of an Additional Applicability Facility subject to reporting only per section 93401(a)(4) and no other applicability criteria, must submit annual emissions reports beginning with the 2026 data year reported in 2027 for facilities in District Group A, and beginning with the 2028 data year reported in 2029s for facilities in District Group B. Sector Phase 3B sources must submit annual emissions reports beginning with the 2028 data reported in 2029, regardless of District Group, as specified in Table A-1.
- (3) Emissions Report Contents. Emissions reports for an Additional Applicability Facility subject to reporting only per section 93401(a)(4) and no other applicability criteria must include the Facility Data of 93404(a), and either the Full Report Contents specified in section 93404(b)(1) or the Abbreviated Report Contents specified in section 93404(b)(2), as applicable.
  - (A) Release Location Data Reporting: Phase-In Schedule. Owners or operators of an Additional Applicability Facility subject only per 93401(a)(4)(C) and required to report the Full Report Contents of section 93404(b)(1) may deferare not required to reporting the release location data specified in 93404(b)(1)(D), unless the data is requested by the Executive Officer or the local air district prior to the beginning of the data year for which the release location data reporting is required. until the years indicated for Annual Emissions Reporting in section 93403(b)(2).
    - 1. Alternatively, a local air district may, on behalf of a facility or group of facilities, request an alternative schedule for reporting release location data. Such requests must be submitted to the addresses listed in section 93403(f) and approved by the CARB Executive Officer, or his or her designee prior to the year in which the release location data is due. Approval by the Executive Officer will be based on the number and the complexity of the facilities affected by the request, considering the workload necessary to collect the required data, available local air district resources, and the significance of the sources in the district. A determination will be made within 30 calendar days of the receipt of a request. Upon approval by the CARB Executive Officer, the alternative schedule

#### shall take precedence over the timing required in this section.

(4) For a facility subject only to reporting per section 93401(a)(4) and not submitting an abbreviated report, that facility's emissions report must include all emissions sources specified in 93404(c)(2), as applicable (not only those triggering applicability in Table A-3 of Appendix A), including those permitted processes that may be subject to phase-in emission reporting requirements in a future data year. Any additional facility emission sources specified in 93404(c)(2) are also subject to reporting under the same schedule.

For sources subject to reporting only per sections 93401(a)(4)(A)-(C) that are included under Sector Phase 3B in Table A-3, such facilities may postpone the initial reporting year reporting until the 2028 data year, even if other permitted processes in Sector Phases 1, 2, or 3 are present at the facility.

- (<u>§4</u>) Agricultural operation facilities subject only to reporting per section 93401(a)(4) may postpone the initial year of reporting to Sector Phase 3 for the applicable District Group identified in Table A-1 of Appendix A.
- (c) Submittal of Annual Emissions Reports. For facilities subject to this article, emissions reports must be submitted annually, with the contents of the annual emissions report based on the phase-in schedules in 93403(a).emissions reports must be submitted to the local air district, or alternatively, to CARB, as specified in this section.
  - (1) <u>Submittal to the Local Air District.</u> Owners and operators of a facility subject to this article must submit annual emissions reports to the local air district by May 1 of the year immediately following the data year, <u>unless approved by the local air district and CARB the Executive Officer to submit emissions reports directly to CARB as specified in 93403(c)(2). For one or more facilities, a local air district may specify a different submittal date which supersedes the May 1 submittal date, if the district is able to provide the data to CARB no later than August 1 of the year following the data year. The local air district will determine the format in which the facility report contents are submitted to the district.</u>
    - (A) By August 1 of the year immediately following the data year, annual emissions reports submitted to the air district may be submitted by the local air district on behalf of the owner or operator of the facility to CARB. If the local air district does not submit the required emissions data to CARB on behalf of the owner or operator of the facility by August 1 of the year immediately following the data year, CARB the Executive Officer, after consultation with the local air district, will notify the designated representative and/or the owner or operator of the facility to obtain the data required by this article. The facility designated representative and/or owner or operator must provide the required emissions data as specified in 93403 and 93404 to both the local air district and CARB within 30 calendar days of notification.

- (fe) Reporting Responsibilities During Changes in Ownership. The owner or operator at the time of a reporting deadline specified in this article musthas the responsibility for complying with the requirements of this article, including ensuring that the emissions data report is accurate and complete.
  - (1) For a facility, emissions data for the facility must be reported for the entire data year during which reporting is required. If an ownership change takes place during a data year or prior to a reporting deadline for the data year, the prior owner and current owner share responsibility to ensure that facility emissions data are reported for the entire data year. Each party is responsible for data collection and reporting for the period during which they had operational control of the facility. If an ownership change takes place between January 1st and the May 1st (or air district specified) reporting deadline of a given calendar year, the prior owner or operator at the time of a reporting deadline is responsible for submitting the emissions data report covering the previous datacomplete calendar year, as applicable data.
  - (2) For annual reporting when a change of ownership occurs during the data year or prior to the reporting deadline for the data year, with concurrence of the local air district, facility owners or operators must either:
    - (A) Submit a single consolidated emissions report which provides data for the entire data year and spans the ownership change, with the report typically being submitted by the current owner or operator; or,
    - (B) Submit individual emissions reports, by the respective owners or operators, that include data only for the period during which they held ownership of the facility.

If an ownership change takes place <u>at any time</u> during <u>a</u>the <u>data</u>calendar <u>year</u>, reported data must not be split or subdivided for the year, based on ownershipthe new owner or operator must submit an emissions report in the following year, as applicable, that covers the period of time between the new owner's first day of operational control, and the end of the data year. The previous current owner or operator must submit an <u>emissions report</u> singleannual emissions data report for the facility for the period of time during which the previous owner had operational control. This report must represent required data for the entire calendar year.

(3) Previous owners or operators are required to provide data and records to new owners or operators that are necessary and required for preparing annual emissions data reports required by this article.

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NOTE: Authority cited: 39600, 39601, <u>39602</u>, 39605, <u>39606</u>, 39607, 39607.1, <u>39607.3</u>, 39701, <u>40913</u>, <u>41500</u>, 41511, 42700, 42705, 42705.5, 42705.6, and 44391.2, Health and Safety Code. Reference: <u>39003</u>, <u>39500</u>, <u>39606</u>, 39607.1, 42705.5, <u>44301</u>, 44391.2 Health and Safety Code.

#### § 93404. Emissions Report Contents

Annual eEmissions reports must contain the general contents, emissions, sources, methods, and attestation identified in this section, as applicable. Refer to section 93403 for specifications regarding when identified data elements are subject to reporting.

- (a) General Contents Facility Data. Annual e Emissions reports must include the following information facility data.
- (1) Data year being reported.
  - (2) Facility information and location.
  - (A1) Facility name and facility identification number established by the local air district and CARB; ₌and ₣for GHG Facilities subject to reporting under the provisions of 93401(a)(1), the six-digit facility ARB ID, as reported under the California Regulation for the Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions (MRR), title 17, California Code of Regulations, section 95100 et seq.

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- (F6) The facility <u>physical</u> address, as applicable<del>and mailing address</del>.
- (G<u>7</u>) Geospatial coordinates. Latitude and longitude, in decimal degrees, of the approximate center (or centroid) of the facility, or the latitude and longitude of the location's street address.
- (b) Specific Contents. In addition to the Facility Data of 93404(a), emissions reports must include the Full Report Contents or Abbreviated Report Contents below.
  - (1) Full Report Contents. Owners and operators of a facility that does not qualify for abbreviated reporting per section 93404(b)(2) must report the following. In general, Device IDs, Process IDs, associated descriptions, and related information are to be those used by the local air districts in identifying emission sources.
    - (3A) <u>Device Data.</u> For each device at the facility:
      - (A)1. Device name or ID
      - (B)2. Device name or Ddescription of the device
      - (C)3.U.S. EPA Unit Type Code
      - (D)4. Air District Permit ID associated with the device
      - (E)5. For combustion devices only, design capacity of device

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- (5<u>C</u>) <u>Emissions Data.</u> For each criteria air pollutant and toxic air contaminant emitted by a process at the facility:
- Data year being reported

- (1)10. Emission calculation method, as described in 93404(d)
  - 11. The control efficiency of all emissions control devices, if the control efficiency is used to quantify emissions. If no control device is used, or if the reduction in emissions resulting from use of the device is not required to quantify emissions, the control efficiency is not required to be reported.
- (J)12. Permit or rule emissions limit(s) for industrial sources, if applicable
- 123. For toxic air contaminants, the amount of the substance that is produced or used at the facility during the data year, if no best available data and methods exist to estimate the quantity of the substance that is emitted during the data year, pursuant to section 93404(c)(1)(B)
- (6D) <u>Release Location Data.</u> For each release location associated with a process at the facility (refer to section 93403(d) for the reporting schedule for release location data):
  - (A)1. Release location type, stack or fugitive point or volume
  - (B)2. Geospatial coordinates
  - (C)3. If the release location type is "stackpoint (i.e. stack)," the following must be reported:
    - 1.a. Stack identifier name or ID
    - b. Stack name
    - 2. bc. Release location height above ground
    - 3. <u>ec.</u> Release location exit gas temperature
    - 4. de. Release location stack diameter in feet
    - 5. ef. Release location exit gas velocity in feet per minute-or
    - g. Release location exit gas flow rate in actual cubic feet per minute
    - 6.<u>fh.</u> Release point typephysical configuration

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5. Update Frequency. The data items listed in this section
93404(b)(1)(D) must be updated in the next required emissions
data-report when there are physical changes to the facility structure
or emissions release locations, or if there are substantive changes
to emissions sources or operations, such as those requiring the
addition, modification, or removal of district air permits.

- (<u>bc</u>) Emissions and Sources. -Annual emissions reports for a facility must include the emissions and sources as specified in 93404(<u>bc</u>)(1) and (2).
  - (1) Emissions. For permitted processes and devices (and unpermitted processes and devices, if emissions reporting is required pursuant to district rules or policies)., the annual direct and fugitive emissions of the following air pollutants must be reported. Alternatively, at the discretion of the local air district, sufficient activity-level data must be submitted for the air district to calculate such emissions.
    - (A) Criteria air pollutants, in units of short tons per year, except for lead (Pb) and ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>) which must be reported in units of pounds per year. For organic gases, unless otherwise required by the local air district, ROG, VOC, or total organic gases may be reported to satisfy this requirement, and CARB will quantify the other two using CARB speciation profiles. If a district has established a rule that defines ROG differently than this article, the district may use the district rule definition to quantify ROG. For particulate matter, emissions of PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, and total PM must be reported, or as required by the local air district, one of the three values must be reported and CARB will quantify the other two values using existing CARB particulate matter speciation profiles.
      - Lead must be reported in both tons per year using Pollutant Code 12128 and in pounds per year using Emittent ID 7439921. Ammonia must be reported in both tons per year using Pollutant Code 42604 and pounds per year using Emittent ID 7664417.
    - (B) Toxic air contaminants, as defined herein, in units of pounds per year, except for radionuclides which must be reported in units of curies per year. The list of reported toxic air contaminants must include those chemicals that are actually emitted by the facility by permitted processes and devices (and unpermitted processes and devices, if emissions reporting is required pursuant to district rules or policies), based on existing quantification methods. Reporting must include the substances identified in the 2007 EICG, previously cited in the "Toxic air contaminants" definition, and the substances identified in Appendix B, with reporting of the Appendix B toxic substances phased-in as specified in Table B-1.

If at the time a substance becomes subject to reporting per Table B-1, a listed toxic air contaminant substance is present or is used or produced at a facility in a way that may result in airborne emissions, one of the alternatives identified as "best available data and methods," as defined in this article, must be used to quantify the emissions, as applicable. If an air district determines that none of the alternatives listed would provide a reasonable, technically justified emissions estimate, and no other method can be determined that will provide such an estimate, then the presence of the toxic air contaminant and the amount used or

produced at the facility during the data year must be reported without an estimated quantitative emissions value. Purchase records, substance inventory reconciliation, direct measurement, or other methods may be used to estimate amounts used or produced.

- (2) Sources. Except as indicated in section 93404(c)(2)(C), below, Eemissions as specified in 93404(bc)(1), must be reported for the following emissions sources:
  - (A) Permitted processes and devices at the facility.
  - (B) Unpermitted processes and devices at the facility, including unpermitted fugitive emissions, if at the beginning of the data year such facility-specific emissions are required by the local air district to be reported or if the emissions are quantified on behalf of the facility owner or operator by the local air district.
  - (C) Portable Diesel-Fueled Engines and Devices—at GHG and Criteria

    Facilities. Except as provided in section 93404(c)(2)(D), emissions of PM, ROG (or VOC) and NOx—from portable diesel-powered engines or and devices (including equipment registered under the Portable Equipment Registration Program) rated at 50 maximum rated horsepower (brake horsepower (bhp)) or above and operated at a GHG and/or Criteria Facility (sections 93401(a)(1-2)), regardless of equipment ownership or permit status, if the engine or device is operated on site at any time during the data year. If local air district rules or policies requires reporting of emissions from additional portable diesel-fueled engines and devices, the district may require reporting for such sources under this article.

The data of 93404(b)(1) does not need to be provided for portable engines erand devices, unless required by the local air district. The use of best available data and methods, including the use of engineering estimates, may be used to quantify emissions from portable engines and devices, and the emissions data from multiple engines may be aggregated if approved by the local air district. Alternatively, the activity data necessary to estimate the emissions from such portable diesel-powered engines and devices shall be reported to the district, and the district may quantify the emissions on behalf of the facility. Reporting of emissions from such engines and devices begins with 2022 emissions reported in 2023.

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#### § 93410. Implementation by CARB and by the Local Air Districts

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(f) Request for Determination of Applicability. A citizen may request that CARB coordinate with a local air district to clarify a facility's permit status, and the facility's

applicability under this article. The request must be sent to the contact information in 93403(f). Only one facility may be identified for each request; requests that include multiple facilities will not be accepted. The request must include the address of the facility or enough information to determine the location of the source. The request may include additional information to assist with identification of the facility, which may include the facility name. The applicability determination will include the reason for applicability or non-applicability. CARB-the Executive Officer will acknowledge the request by responding within 5 business days after receipt of such request. CARB-The Executive Officer will provide a determination of applicability within 60 business days from receipt of the initial request.

NOTE: Authority cited: 39600, 39601, <u>39602</u>, 39605, <u>39606</u>, 39607, 39607.1, <u>39607.3</u>, 39701, <u>40913</u>, <u>41500</u>, 41511, 42700, 42705, 42705.5, 42705.6, and 44391.2, Health and Safety Code. Reference: <u>39003</u>, <u>39500</u>, <u>39606</u>, 39607.1, 42705.5, <u>44301</u>, 44391.2 Health and Safety Code.

# Article 2. Requirements for Calculating and Reporting Criteria Pollutant and Toxic Air Contaminant Emissions

#### § 93420. Purpose and Scope

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#### § 93421. Abbreviated Reporting

- (a) Qualifying Activities for Abbreviated Reporting and Report Contents. Except for facilities subject to the applicability criteria in sections 93401(a)(1), (2), and (3), for the qualifying activities below, the air district or CARB may prepare and submit the emissions data on behalf of a facility. Those facility operators, that exclusively engage in qualifying activities herein and choosing to comply with the CTR reporting requirements using the abbreviated reporting mechanism, must submit the general data emissions report contents specified in 93404(a), and the additional activity data as identified in subsections 93421(a)(1)-(6) for each qualifying activity, as reported under section 93404(b)(1)(B)(5) and (6). Air districts will then use the submitted data to compute the source(s) emissions levels, and submit the emissions and other data to CARB following the schedule specified in section 93403(b). Additional device level, process level, and emissions level data for the facility may be provided by the local air district.
  - (1) Agricultural operations.
    - (A) Quantity of head of cattle.
  - (2) Combustion of natural gas or propane in boilers or heaters
    - (A) Total annual fuel usage, in million scf or MMbtu.
  - (3) Diesel-powered emergency standby generators and direct-drive emergency standby fire suppression pump engines and direct-drive emergency standby fire water pump engines.
    - (A) Total annual hours of operation.

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NOTE: Authority cited: 39600, 39601, 39602, 39605, 39606, 39607, 39607.1, 39607.3, 39701, 40913, 41500, 41511, 42700, 42705, 42705.5, 42705.6, and 44391.2, Health and Safety Code. Reference: 39003, 39500, 39606, 39607.1, 42705.5, 44301, 44391.2 Health and Safety Code.

# Appendix A

# to the Regulation for the Reporting of Criteria Air Pollutants and Toxic Air Contaminants

Applicability Thresholds and Lookup Tables
for Facilities Subject to Reporting Per Section 93401(a)(4)

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Table A-1.
Initial Data Year by District Group and Sector Phase for Additional Applicability Facilities
Subject Per 93401(a)(4)\*

	<u>lni</u>	Ongoing Emissions			
<u>District</u> <u>Group</u>	Sector Phase 1 only** and 93401(a)(4)(A) and (B)	Sector Phase 2 only and 93401(a)(4)(A) and (B)	Sector Phase 3 only and 93401(a)(4)(A) and (B)	Sector Phase 3B***	Reporting: Data Year (All Reporters)
<u>A</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2028</u>	<u>2026***</u>
<u>B</u>	<del>2023</del> 2024	<del>2025</del> 2026	<del>2026</del> 2027	<u>2028</u>	<del>2027</del> 2028

- \* The initial data year is the first data year subject to reporting. For example, for District Group A, Sector Phase 1, 2022 data must be submitted during 2023. For the sector phases, for each of the initial years, only one phase is subject to reporting each year. For example, for District Group A, facilities in the Phase 1 sector categories in Table A-3 are subject to the sector-based reporting applicability for 2022 emissions data reported in 2023, but Phase 1 sources are not subject to reporting again until the 2026 data year. For 2024, only Phase 2 facilities are subject to the sector-based reporting applicability, and so on. For District Group A, all sources are subject to annual reporting beginning with 2026 data reported in 2027.
- \*\* Agricultural operation facilities that are required to submit reports pursuant to a threshold identified in section 93401(a)(4), regardless of which threshold category is exceeded, may postpone the initial year of reporting to Sector Phase 3.
- \*\*\* As with the Sector Phase 3B sectors subject to reporting per Section 93401(a)(4)(C), Sector 3B sources that are subject to applicability under 93401(a)(4)(A) or (B), based on criteria pollutant emissions, must begin ongoing emissions reporting with 2028 data reported in 2029. Reporting for these facilities is not required prior to 2028 data even if other permitted processes in Sector Phases 1, 2, or 3 are present at the facility.

<u>Table A-2.</u>
<u>District Group Lookup for Additional Applicability Facilities Subject Per 93401(a)(4)</u>

<u>District Group</u>	<u>District</u>	
<u>A</u>	Bay Area AQMD	San Diego County APCD
	Imperial County APCD	San Joaquin Valley Unified APCD
	Sacramento Metropolitan AQMD	South Coast AQMD
<u>B</u>	Amador County APCD	Mojave Desert AQMD
	Antelope Valley APCD	Monterey Bay Air Resources District
	Butte County AQMD	North Coast Unified APCD
	Calaveras County APCD	Northern Sierra AQMD
	Colusa County APCD	Northern Sonoma County APCD
	Eastern Kern County APCD	Placer County APCD
	El Dorado County APCD	San Luis Obispo County APCD
	Feather River AQMD	Santa Barbara County APCD
	Glenn County APCD	Shasta County AQMD
	<b>Great Basin Unified APCD</b>	Siskiyou County APCD
	Lake County AQMD	Tehama County APCD
	Lassen County APCD	Tuolumne County APCD
	Mariposa County APCD	Ventura County APCD
	Mendocino County AQMD	Yolo/Solano AQMD
	Modoc County APCD	

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Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
1	1	Metal plating, anodizing, or grinding using cadmium or chromium	Any	Any	Any activity level
<u>2</u>	1	Plating, polishing, coating, engraving, and allied services, including thermal spraying, using chromium, cadmium, or nickel	<u>347x</u>	3328xx and 33991x	Any activity level
<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	Petroleum refining and industries related to petroleum refining	2911 through 2999	3241xx, 325110, and 325194	Any activity level
4	<u>1</u>	Industrial machinery manufacturing	353x, 356x	<u>333xxx</u>	Any activity level
<u>5</u>	1	Release of fumigant or fumigation of crops for market using ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, sulfur dioxide, methyl bromide, sulfuryl fluoride, or phosphine and phosphine-generating processes	0723, 2033, 2034, 2068, 2099, 5148	115111, 115114, 3111xx through 3114xx, 3118xx, and 3119xx	Any activity level
<u>6</u>	1	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products manufacturing if styrene, butadiene, phthalates, carcinogenic solvents, or isocyanates are used	3011 through 3089, 3293, 3555	31332x, 31491x, 3162xx, 3252xx, 325991, 3261xx, 3262xx, and 339113	Any activity level
7	1	Processes emitting 1,4-dioxane in reverse osmosis equipment manufacturing, water treatment filtration systems, manufacturing of paints, lacquers, cosmetics, and cleaning agents; manufacturing or processing of petroleum, pulp and paper, explosives; commercial printing, electroplating/polishing; manufacturing of pesticides, dyes, fibers, pharmaceuticals, adhesives, semiconductors, electronic components, photographic equipment, magnetic recording media, polymers, plastics, rubber, and organic and inorganic chemicals; and cleaning or degreasing solvent use containing 1,4-dioxane	13xx, 22xx, 26xx, 27xx, 28xx, 29xx, 30xx, 35xx, 36xx, 37xx, 38xx, 49xx, 50xx, 51xx, 73xx, 75xx, 76xx, 97xx	211xxx, 221xxx, 236xxx, 2371xx, 2389xx, 3115xx, 3121xx, 3149xx, 3222xx, 3231xx, 325xxx, 326xxx, 331xxx, 332xxx, 333xxx, 334xxx, 3361xx, 3364xx, 3399xx, 4881xx, 5311xx, 5417xx, 5622xx, 61xxxx, 8111xx, 92811x	10 pounds of 1,4-dioxane emitted per year

<u>Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities</u>
<u>Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)</u>

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
<u>8</u>	1	Combustion of crude, residual, distillate, or diesel oil, except for the agricultural operations and medical-related industry sectors as defined in the SIC and NAICS columns	Any, except SIC codes 0110 through 0762 and 8011 through 8099	Any, except 111xxx, 112xxx, 1151xx, 1152xx, and 621xxx through 623xxx	Tier 4 or higher diesel engines: 100 gallons of fuel combusted per year, or 5 hours per year of non-emergency operation. Tier zero through tier 3 diesel engines: 30 gallons of fuel combusted per year or 5 hours per year of non-emergency operation. Combustion devices other than compression ignition engines: 100 gallons of fuel combusted per year.
9	1	Processes emitting styrene, in boat and ship building and repair; rubber products manufacturing; plastics, resins, and foams manufacturing; utility vault manufacturing; cultured marble and stone manufacturing and wholesale; fiber cans and drums manufacturing; manufacturing and installation of polystyrene products; and furniture and fixtures manufacturing	17xx, 22xx, 23xx, 24xx, 25xx, 26xx, 28xx, 30xx, 32xx, 34xx, 35xx, 37xx, 38xx, 44xx, 45xx, 49xx, 50xx, 51xx, 75xx, 97xx	211xxx, 2123xx, 213xxx, 221xxx, 236xxx, 237xxx, 311xxx, 3121xx, 315xxx, 316xxx, 321xx, 322xxx, 3211x, 324xxx, 325xx, 326xxx, 327xx, 331xxx, 327xx, 331xxx, 332xx, 333xxx, 334xx, 336xxx, 441xx, 443xxx, 441xx, 445xxx, 447xx, 448xxx, 481xx, 486xxx, 481xx, 486xxx, 481xx, 486xxx, 481xx, 486xxx, 481xx, 483xx, 493xxx, 562xxx, 62xxxx, 722xxx, 8111xx, 8114xx, 8122xx, 92811x	1 pound of styrene emitted per year
<u>10</u>	<u>1</u>	Methylene chloride use for paint or coating removal, printing or print shop cleaning, or aircraft maintenance or repair	Any	Any	1 gallon of methylene chloride used per year

<u>Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities</u>
<u>Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)</u>

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
<u>11</u>	<u>1</u>	Paint stripping and varnish stripping	<u>7641</u>	<u>811420</u>	Any activity level
<u>12</u>	<u>1</u>	Use of N-methyl pyrrolidone	<u>Any</u>	Any	1 gallon of N-methyl pyrrolidone per year
<u>13</u>	<u>1</u>	Dry cleaning facilities, except facilities that only use water or carbon dioxide based cleaning systems	7216, 7217	812320, 561740	Any activity level
14	1	Tert-butyl acetate use in, aerospace manufacturing and maintenance; fabricated metal products manufacturing; manufacture or use of coatings, inks, adhesives, cleaners and degreasers; and military facilities. Tert-butyl acetate from auto body repair and coating operations are reported under the Phase 2 category for that process.	28xx, 32xx, 33xx, 34xx, 37xx, 38xx, 49xx, 50xx, 97xx. Auto body repair and coating operations, and the associated SICs, 5511 through 5521, 7532, and 7535, are reported under Phase 2.	325xxx, 327xxx, 331xxx, 332xxx, 3362xx, 3363xx, 3369xx, 3364xx, 5417xx, 5629xx, 92811x. Auto body repair and coating operations, and the associated NAICS, 4411xx, 44121x, 441228, 44131x, 811111, and 811121, are reported under Phase 2.	20 pounds of tert-butyl acetate used per year
<u>15</u>	1	Use of parachlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF) in cleaning or degreasing solvents, adhesives, printing inks, or coating operations. PCBTF from auto body repair and coating operations are reported under the Phase 2 category for that process.	Any Auto body repair and coating operations, and the associated SICs, 5511 through 5521, 7532, and 7535, are reported under Phase 2.	Any	5 pounds or 0.5 gallons of parachlorobenzotrifluoride used per year

<u>Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities</u>
<u>Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)</u>

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
<u>16</u>	1	Solvent cleaning and degreasing	13xx, 17xx, 22xx, 25xx, 26xx, 27xx, 28xx, 29xx, 30xx, 32xx, 33xx, 34xx, 35xx, 36xx, 37xx, 38xx, 39xx, 45xx, 49xx, 509x, 519x, 75xx, 7623, 7641, 8071, 822x, 9711	211xxx, 212xxx 213xxx, 221xxx, 238xxx, 322xxx, 323xxx, 326xxx, 325xxx, 326xxx, 337xxx, 332xxx, 335xxx, 336xxx, 337xxx, 339xxx, 423xxx, 425xxx, 441xxx, 447xxx, 451xxx, 486xxx, 488xxx, 541xxx, 562xxx, 611xxx, 811xxx, 928xxx	Use of solvents that are a listed substance designated as a human carcinogen or potential human carcinogen: Any activity level.  Use of solvents that are a listed substance but not designated as a human carcinogen or potential human carcinogen: Annual average of 55 gallons per month.
17	2	Isocyanate compound use, in print shops and commercial printing; aerospace manufacturing and maintenance; adhesive and sealants manufacturing; plastics foam products manufacturing; military facilities; manufacture of flexible and rigid foams, fibers, coatings such as paints and varnishes, and elastomers; spraying of polyurethane coatings on cement, wood, fiberglass and metals; surface coating of appliances; surface coating of magnetic tape; manufacture or use of blowing agents; and production of polyurethane foam	24xx, 25xx, 26xx, 27xx, 28xx, 30xx, 33xx, 347x, 36xx, 37xx, 38xx, 39xx, 45xx, 50xx, 51xx, and 97xx.	321xxx,322xxx, 32311x, 324xxx, 325xxx, 326xxx, 3279xx, 331xxx, 334xxx, 335xxx, 3361xx, 3364xx, 3366xx, 339xxx, 481xxx, 4881xx, 4883xx, 5417xx, 8114xx, 92811x.	Use of materials containing 3 pounds of isocyanates per year
<u>18</u>	2	Printing and publishing including print shops and miscellaneous commercial printing	2711 through 2771, 2782	313310, 32311x, 5111xx, 51223x, 561439, 81292x	Use of graphic arts materials with no isocyanates: Annual average of 2 gallons per day. Use of graphic arts materials with isocyanates: Annual average of 0.5 gallons per day.
<u>19</u>	<u>2</u>	Hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal and recycling at a hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal and recycling facility	Any	Any	Any activity level

<u>Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities</u>
<u>Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)</u>

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
<u>20</u>	<u>2</u>	Welding, laser cutting and plasma cutting of metal materials	1799, 3356, 3496, 3541, 3542, 3544 3548, 3699, 7692	325998, 331491, 332313, 333514, 333517, 333922, 335311, 811310	Any activity level
<u>21</u>	<u>2</u>	Construction aggregate processing, if asphalt products are also used or produced	1442 through 1446	212321 and 212322	Any activity level
<u>22</u>	<u>2</u>	Chemicals and allied products manufacturing	2812 through 2899	211112, 311942, 331311, 325xxx	Any activity level
<u>23</u>	<u>2</u>	Bulk petroleum storage and loading, bulk benzene storage and loading, and related wholesalers	<u>5171, 5172</u>	<u>4247xx</u>	Any activity level
<u>24</u>	<u>2</u>	Polybrominated biphenyl compounds (PBBs), and any brominated diphenyl ethers, manufacture or use	Any	Any	Any activity level
<u>25</u>	2	Use of ethylene oxide for sterilization	Any	Any	Any activity level
<u>26</u>	<u>2</u>	Leather and hide tanning and finishing, processing and fabricated goods	3111	<u>316110</u>	Any activity level
<u>27</u>	2	Retail sale of gasoline	Any	Any	25,000 gallons of gasoline sold per year
<u>28</u>	<u>2</u>	Auto body repair and coating operations at auto body shops, including new and used car dealers	5511 through 5521, 7531, 7532, 7535	4411xx, 44121x, 441228, 44131x, 811111, 811121	50 gallons of paint used per year
<u>29</u>	2	Medical services, hospitals, and related facilities which use formaldehyde (or formalin), glutaraldehyde, ethylene oxide, or diesel engines	8011 through 8099	62xxxx	110 pounds of formaldehyde emitted per year, or 110 pounds of glutaraldehyde emitted per year, or 4 poundeany use of ethylene oxide-used per year, or 30 gallons of diesel fuel burned or 5 hours of non-emergency engine operation per year.

<u>Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities</u>
<u>Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)</u>

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
<del>30</del>	<b>2</b> €	Wastewater treatment at wastewater treatment plants, including incinoration of cludge	<del>4952</del>	<del>221320</del>	Govered systems: 10 million gallons ennual average daily flow.  Uncevered systems: 5 million gallone annual average daily flow.  Facilities that incinerate sludge: Any activity level
<u>304</u>	<u>2</u>	Flat glass manufacturing	<u>3211</u>	<u>327211</u>	100 pounds of glass production
<u>31<del>2</del></u>	<u>2</u>	Pressed and blown glassware manufacturing	<u>3229, 3221</u>	327212, 327213	100 pounds of glass production
<u>32<del>3</del></u>	<u>2</u>	Clay ceramics manufacturing	<u>3253, 3261</u>	327120, 327110	1 ton of product manufactured
<u>33</u> 4	<u>3</u>	Hexavalent chromium use in cooling towers	Any	Any	Any activity level
<u>34<del>5</del></u>	<u>3</u>	Incineration of hazardous, municipal, or biomedical waste, or tires	Any	Any	Any activity level
<u>35</u> €	<u>3</u>	Cremation of humans or animals	7261, 6531, 8699	812220	Any activity level
<u>36</u> ∓	<u>3</u>	Fiberglass and various fiberglass materials and product manufacturing	<u>2221, 3229</u>	326191, 326199, 337125	Any activity level
<u>37</u> 8	<u>3</u>	Pulp and paper manufacturing	2611, 2621, 2631	<u>3221xx</u>	Any activity level
<u>389</u>	<u>3</u>	Semiconductors and related devices manufacturing	3674	334413	Any activity level
<u>39</u> 40	<u>3</u>	Oil and gas extraction or production	1311 through 1389	211xxx, 213111, 213112	Any activity level
<u>40</u> 4	<u>3</u>	Melting, smelting, recovery, reclamation, or recycling of lead-containing materials, including but not limited to lead batteries	3300 through 3499, 3690 through 3699, 3714, 3728, 5051, 5093, 9711	331410, 331492, and 423930	Any activity level

<u>Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)</u>

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
<u>412</u>	<u>3</u>	Primary or secondary metal melting, smelting, refining, alloying, forging, or foundry/casting operations	3300 through 3499, 3690 through 3699, 3714, 3728, 5051, 5093, 9711	331410, 331492, 33151x, 33152x, and 423930	Any activity level
<u>42<del>3</del></u>	<u>3</u>	Prepared feed manufacturing	2048	<u>321119</u>	One ton of product manufactured
<u>43</u> 4	<u>3</u>	Wood preserving	<u>259x</u>	321114, 3212xx	Any activity level
<u>44<del>5</del></u>	<u>3</u>	Long term asbestos removal on a routine and predictable basis	Any	Any	One year duration
<u>45<del>6</del></u>	3	Combustion of residual, distillate, or diesel oil in agricultural operations-related industry sectors	0110 through 0762	1111xx, 1112xx, 1113xx, 1114xx, 1119xx, 1121xx, 1122xx, 1123xx, 1124xx, 1125xx, 1129xx, 1151xx, and 1152xx	Tier 4 or higher diesel engines: 100 gallons of fuel combusted per year, or 5 hours per year of non-emergency operation. Tier zero through tier 3 diesel Engines: 30 gallons of fuel combusted per year, or 5 hours per year of non-emergency operation. Combustion devices other than compression ignition engines: 100 gallons of fuel combusted per year.
<u>46</u> ∓	<u>3</u>	Boat and ship building and repair	3731, 3732	336611, 336612, 488390, 811490	1 gallon of coatings used per year
<u>47</u>	<u>3</u>	Combustion of natural gas or propane	<u>Any</u>	Any	75 million standard cubic feet or 77,000 MMbtu combusted per year
<u>48</u>	<u>3B</u>	Collection and disposal of refuse	<u>4953</u>	<u>5622xx, 562920</u>	1 pound of vinyl chloride or 1 pound of benzene emitted per year
<u>49</u>	<u>3B</u>	Composting of organic waste	<u>2875, 4953</u>	325314, 562212, 562219	Over 500 tons per year of material composted Emissions of over one ten of particulate matter or total organic gases including methane

<u>Table A-3. Sector Phases and Activity Level Reporting Thresholds for Additional Applicability Facilities Subject Per Section 93401(a)(4)</u>

Sector No.	Sector Phase	Permitted Process	SIC Code(s)*	NAICS Code(s)*	Activity Level Reporting Threshold for Permitted Process
<u>50</u>	<u>3B</u>	Recycling facilities, and material recovery facilities that separate organic waste from recyclable materials	4953	562212, 562920	Facilities where putrescible material is retained on-site for more than 24 hours prior to removal or disposal in a landfill Emissions of over one ton of particulate matter or total organic gases including methane
<u>51</u>	<u>3B</u>	Scrap and waste wholesale handling and recycling, including but not limited to junk metals, shredding operations, and auto dismantling	5093	423930	40,000 tons of metal shredded per year or 1,000 tons of metal recycled per year
<u>52</u>	<u>3B</u>	Wastewater treatment at wastewater treatment plants, including incineration of sludge	<u>4952</u>	221320	Covered systems: 10 million gallons annual average daily flow. Uncovered systems: 5 million gallons annual average daily flow. Facilities that incinerate sludge: Any activity level
<del>52</del>	<u>3</u>	Combustion of natural gas or propane	<del>Any</del>	<del>Any</del>	75 million standard cubic feet or 77,000 MMbtu combusted per year

<sup>\*</sup> Where SIC and NAICS codes are designated, the requirements of this article apply to facilities classified with either a matching primary or secondary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code or North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code listed for the permitted emissions process, and for which the listed process occurs at levels exceeding the emission or activity level threshold. If the SIC or NAICS codes have a designation of "Any" in Table A-3 for a permitted process, then the requirements of this article apply regardless of the SIC or NAICS designation for the facility performing the process, if the listed activity level reporting threshold is exceeded.

# Appendix B

# to the Regulation for the Reporting of Criteria Air Pollutants and Toxic Air Contaminants

Additional Chemicals Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting

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#### Reporting Schedule for Substances Listed in Table B-2, Table B-3, and Table B-4

The substances listed in Table B-2, Table B-3, and Table B-4 must be reported in addition to those substances identified in Appendix A-I of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program, version effective September 26, 2007, as issued by CARB.

Emissions of substances listed in Table B-2, Table B-3, and Table B-4 must initially be reported no later than the initial quantification year shown below in Table B-1, and then for any subsequent year in which emissions reports are required. For example, in Table B-1, the year 2022 is listed for District Group A and Table B-2, therefore the Table B-2 substances must be reported during 2023 based on 2022 emissions data. District Groups are as described in Appendix A, Table A-2, shown previously.

<u>Table B-1.</u>
<u>Initial Emission Data Quantification Year for Additional Substances in Tables B-2, B-3, and B-4</u>

<u>District Group</u>	Effective Initial Emission Data Quantification Year  for Additional Substances*,**			
	<u>Table B-2</u>	Table B-2 Table B-3		
<u>A</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2026</u>	<u>2028</u>	
<u>B</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2028</u>	<u>2028</u>	

- \* Reporting of substances in Tables B-2, B-3, and B-4 are in addition to those substances identified in Appendix A-I of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots"

  Program, version effective September 26, 2007, as issued by CARB. Reporting for the "Hot Spots"

  Appendix A-I substances must begin with the first year in which a facility becomes subject to reporting, and be included for any future required report.
- \*\* Any Sector Phase 3B sectors identified in Table A-3 and sources subject to applicability under 93401(a)(4)(A) or (B) must begin ongoing annual emissions reporting of toxics identified in Tables B-2 and B-3 no later than 2028 data reported in 2029. Reporting of the specified toxics for these facilities is not required to begin earlier than 2028 data even if other permitted processes in Sector Phases 1, 2, or 3 listed in Table A-3 are present at the facility.
- \*\*\* Table B-4 substances apply to wastewater treatment facilities, as identified in Sector Phase 3B,

  Sector 52, of Table A-3. These sources must begin ongoing annual emissions reporting of the toxics identified in Table B-4 no later than 2028 data reported in 2029.

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Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>81492</u>	1-Amino-2,4-dibromoanthraquinone [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>153786</u>	2-Aminofluorene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
142041	Aniline hydrochloride	<u>5</u>	
<del>84651</del>	Anthraquinone [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<del>9.5</del>	
<u>1345046</u>	Antimony trisulfide	<u>1</u>	[4]
* =	Arsenic compounds (inorganic) including but not limited to:	<u>0.01</u>	[4]
<u>7778394</u>	Arsenic acid	<u>0.01</u>	<u>[4] [5]</u>
* =	Arsenic (inorganic oxides)	<u>50</u>	[4]
1303282	Arsenic pentoxide	<u>0.01</u>	[4] [5]
<u>1327533</u>	_Arsenic trioxide	<u>0.01</u>	[4] [5]
<u>7778441</u>	<u>Calcium arsenate</u>	<u>0.01</u>	[4]
<u>1303000</u>	Gallium arsenide	<u>0.01</u>	[4]
<u>1017</u>	Arsenic compounds (other than inorganic)	<u>0.1</u>	[4]
<u>75605</u>	Cacodylic acid {Dimethylarsinic acid}	<u>0.1</u>	[4]
<u>124583</u>	Methylarsonic acid	<u>0.1</u>	[4] [5]
<u>7727437</u>	Barium sulfate	<u>1</u>	
28407376	C.I. Direct Blue 218 [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>0.0001</u>	
612828	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine dihydrochloride	<u>0.0001</u>	
119619	Benzophenone	<u>2</u>	
* =	Beryllium compounds including but not limited to:	<u>0.001</u>	[4]
13510491	Beryllium sulfate	0.001	[4]
7787566	Beryllium sulfate (tetrahydrate)	0.001	[4]
<u>1304569</u>	Beryllium oxide	<u>0.001</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>108601</u>	Bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) ether {BCMEE}	<u>50</u>	
<u>84852539</u>	Decabromodiphenyl ethane {DBDPE}	<u>1</u>	
<u>25637994</u>	Hexabromocyclododecane {HBCD}	<u>100</u>	
<u>79947</u>	Tetrabromobisphenol A {TBBPA}	<u>50</u>	
<u>21850442</u>	Tetrabromobisphenol A bis(2,3-dibromopropyl) ether {TBBPA-DBPE}	<u>100</u>	
<u>77098078</u>	<u>Tetrabromophthalic acid, mixed esters</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>118796</u>		<u>100</u>	
<u>52434909</u>	Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) isocyanurate	<u>100</u>	
<u>15541454</u>	Bromate	<u>50</u>	
<u>5589968</u>	Bromochloroacetic acid	<u>50</u>	
<u>83463621</u>	<u>Bromochloroacetonitrile</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>109706</u>	1-Bromo-3-chloropropane	<u>50</u>	
<u>71133147</u>	Bromodichloroacetic acid	<u>50</u>	
<del>74975</del> 75272	Bromodichloromethane {BDCM}	<u>100</u>	
<u>74964</u>	Ethyl bromide {Bromoethane}	<u>50</u>	
<u>2426086</u>	n-Butyl glycidyl ether {Butyl 2,3-epoxypropylether}	<u>50</u>	
* =	Cadmium compounds including but not limited to:	<u>0.01</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>10108642</u>	Cadmium chloride	<u>0.01</u>	<u>[4] [5]</u>
<u>141004</u>	Cadmium succinate	<u>0.01</u>	<u>[4] [5]</u>
<u>63252</u>	Carbaryl [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>100</u>	

Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
86748	Carbazole [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>5</u>	
=	Carbon nanotubes including but not limited to	50	
308068566	Carbon nanotubes, multiwalled, other than MWCNT-7	50	
<u>75876</u>	<u>Chloral</u>	<u>50</u>	
10599903	<u>Chloramine</u>	<u>100</u>	
7790912	Chlorine trifluoride	0.05	
20265967	p-Chloroaniline hydrochloride	<u>50</u>	
83270319	2-Chloro-1-methylethyl(2-chloropropyl) ether	<u>50</u>	
<u>91587</u>	2-Chloronaphthalene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
=	Chloronitrobenzenes including but not limited to:	100	
88733	1-Chloro-2-nitrobenzene {o-Chloronitrobenzene}	<u>50</u>	
100005	1-Chloro-4-nitrobenzene {p-Chloronitrobenzene}	<u>50</u>	
<u>89612</u>	1,4-Dichloro-2-nitrobenzene	<u>50</u>	
611063	2,4-Dichloro-1-nitrobenzene	<u>50</u>	
121733	m-Chloronitrobenzene {3-Chloronitrobenzene}	100	
95794	5-Chloro-o-toluidine and its strong acid salts	0.5	
3165933	p-Chloro-o-toluidine Hydrochloride	0.5	
98566	1-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene {PCBTF}	<u>50</u>	
16065831	Chromium (III) compounds including but not limited to:	<u>50</u>	[4]
39345921	Chromium (III) chloride	50	[4]
10101538	Chromium (III) sulfate	50	[4]
18540299	Chromium, hexavalent (and compounds) including but not limited to:	0.0001	[4]
1189851	tert-Butyl chromate(VI)	0.001	[4]
1216	Cobalt compounds, insoluble, including but not limited to:	0.01	<u>[4]</u>
513791	Cobalt carbonate	0.01	[4]
10210681	Cobalt carbonyl	0.01	[4]
21041930	Cobalt hydroxide	0.01	[4]
814891	Cobalt oxalate	0.01	[4]
1307966	Cobalt [II] oxide	0.01	[4]
1308061	Cobalt [III] oxide	0.01	<u>[4]</u>
1317426	Cobalt sulfide	0.01	[4]
<u>1217</u>	Cobalt sulfate and other soluble cobalt compounds, including but not limited to:	<u>0.1</u>	[4]
<u>71487</u>	Cobalt acetate (tetrahydrate)	<u>0.5</u>	<u>[4]</u>
7646799	Cobalt chloride (hexahydrate)	<u>0.5</u>	[4]
16842038	Cobalt hydrocarbonyl	<u>0.5</u>	<u>[4]</u>
10141056	Cobalt nitrate (hexahydrate)	<u>0.5</u>	[4]
136527	Cobalt octoate	<u>0.5</u>	[4]
10124433	Cobalt sulfate	<u>0.1</u>	[4]
10026241	Cobalt sulfate (heptahydrate)	<u>0.5</u>	[4]
12070121	Cobalt metal with tungsten carbide	<u>0.01</u>	[4]
*	Copper fume (as Copper)	<u>0.1</u>	<u>[7]</u>
<u>1074</u>	Cyclosiloxanes, including but not limited to:	100	
<u>541026</u>	Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane {D5} {Decamethyl-1,3,5,7,9,2,4,6,8,10-pentaoxapentasilecane}	<u>100</u>	

Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
540976	Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane {D6}	<u>100</u>	
556672	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane {D4}	<u>100</u>	
17702419	Decaborane	<u>20</u>	
431038	<u>Diacetyl</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>1075</u>	Dialkylnitrosamines including but not limited to:	<u>0.001</u>	
7068839	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-butylamine	<u>1</u>	
75881220	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-decylamine	<u>1</u>	
55090443	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-dodecylamine	<u>1</u>	
16338991	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-heptylamine	<u>1</u>	
28538707	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-hexylamine	<u>1</u>	
75881195	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-nonylamine	<u>1</u>	
34423546	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-octylamine	<u>1</u>	
13256070	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-pentylamine	<u>1</u>	
924469	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-propylamine	<u>1</u>	
75881208	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-tetradecylamine	<u>1</u>	
68107266	N-Nitrosomethyl-n-undecylamine	<u>1</u>	
631641	Dibromoacetic acid	50	
3252435	Dibromoacetonitrile	50	
<u>75605</u>	Dimethylarsinic acid {Cacodylic acid} (see Arsenic compounds (inorganic))	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
:	Phthalates, ortho-Phthalates including:	<u>100</u>	
<u>84753</u>	Di-n-hexyl phthalate {DnHP}	<u>100</u>	
<u>42397648</u>	1,6-Dinitropyrene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>0.001</u>	
<u>42397659</u>	1,8-Dinitropyrene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>1326416</u>	2,4-Dinitrotoluene, sulfurized	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>1091</u>	Epoxy resins (monomers or oligomers) including but not limited to:	<u>100</u>	
<u>1092</u>	Epikote ®	<u>100</u>	
<u>68038324</u>	Epikote 1055	<u>100</u>	
<u>1093</u>	Epon ®	<u>100</u>	
<u>25068386</u>	Resin 828	<u>100</u>	
<u>1104</u>	Fluorides and compounds including but not limited to:	<u>100</u>	
<u>1141</u>	Modified Hydrogen fluoride {MHF}	<u>50</u>	
<u>102687650</u>	<u>trans-1-Chloro-3,3,3-trifluoropropene {t-HCFO-1233zd} {HCFO-1233zd(E)}</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>1645836</u>	<u>trans-1,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropylene {HFO-1234ze} {Genetron-1234ze}</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>1115</u>	Glycol ethers and their acetates, and related, including but not limited to:	<u>100</u>	
<u>112732</u>		<u>100</u>	
<u>124174</u>	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	<u>100</u>	
<u>112152</u>	<u>Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>112594</u>	Diethylene glycol monohexyl ether	<u>100</u>	
<u>629389</u>	Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	<u>100</u>	
<u>111557</u>	Ethylene glycol diacetate	<u>100</u>	
<u>112481</u>	Ethylene glycol dibutyl ether	<u>100</u>	
<u>97905</u>	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate {EGDMA}	<u>100</u>	

Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>542596</u>	Ethylene glycol monoacetate	<u>100</u>	
<u>112072</u>	Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	<u>100</u>	
<u>112254</u>	Ethylene glycol monohexyl ether	<u>100</u>	
<u>10020436</u>	Ethylene glycol monooctyl ether	<u>100</u>	
<u>122996</u>	Ethylene glycol monophenyl ether	<u>100</u>	
<u>112505</u>	Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether	<u>100</u>	
<u>112356</u>	Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether	<u>100</u>	
<u>7440746</u>	Indium and compounds including but not limited to:	<u>50</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>22398807</u>	Indium phosphide	<u>50</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>50926119</u>	Indium tin oxide	<u>50</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>1218</u>	Amino Isocyanates including but not limited to:	<u>0.05</u>	
<u>1223</u>	1,6-Hexamethylene amino isocyanate {1,6-HAI}	<u>0.05</u>	
<u>1224</u>	4,4-Methylenebisphenyl amino isocyanate	<u>0.1</u>	
99626876	2,4-Toluene amino isocyanate {3-Isocyanato-4- methylbenzenamine} {2,4-TAI}	0.1	
22683712	2,6-Toluene amino isocyanate {3-Isocyanato-2-methylbenzenamine} {2,6-TAI}	<u>0.1</u>	
99626887	4,2-Toluene amino isocyanate {5-Isocyanato-2-methylbenzenamine} {4-TIA} {4,2-TAI}	0.1	
1219	Diisocyanates including but not limited to:	0.05	
<u>91930</u>	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine-4,4'-diisocyanate	<u>0.5</u>	
4098719	Isophorone diisocyanate {IPDI}	0.5	
1225	Isophorone diisocyanate isomers	0.5	
3173726	1,5-Naphthalene diisocyanate	0.5	
9016879	Polymeric methylene diphenyl diisocyanate {PMDI} [POM]	<u>0.1</u>	
1220	Mono isocyanates including but not limited to:	<u>1</u>	
109900	Ethyl isocyanate	1 1	
<u>110781</u>	Propyl isocyanate	1	
103719	Phenyl isocyanate	1	
1221	Polymeric (Oligo) HDI including but not limited to:	0.5	
108190	Biuret	0.5	
1226		0.5	
1227	HDI Prepolymer	0.5	
1228	Isocyanurate	0.5	
23501817	Uretdione (HDI) {Uretidone}	0.5	
7439910	Lanthanum and compounds	100	[4]
<u>1129</u>	Lead compounds (other than inorganic)	<u>50</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>78002</u>	Tetraethyllead	50	<u></u> <u>4</u>
<u>75741</u>	Tetramethyllead	50	<u>=</u>
1222	Leather dust	50	브
13552448	4,4'-Methylenedianiline dihydrochloride	0.1	
1134	Methylhydrazine and its salts	<u>50</u>	
302158	Methylhydrazine sulfate	50	
5118343	Methylhydrazine sulfate (alt. CAS 5118343, see 302158)	50	
693981	2-Methylimidazole	0.5	

Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>822366</u>	4-Methylimidazole	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>872504</u>	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone {N-Methylpyrrolidone} {NMP}	<u>50</u>	
<u>1135</u>	Mineral fibers (other than man-made) including but not limited to:	<u>100</u>	<u>[7]</u>
<u>1332214</u>	_Asbestos	<u>0.0001</u>	
<u>77536664</u>	Actinolite	<u>100</u>	
<u>12172735</u>	Amosite	<u>100</u>	
<u>77536675</u>	Anthophyllite	<u>100</u>	
<u>12001295</u>	Chrysotile	<u>100</u>	
<u>12001284</u>	Crocidolite	<u>100</u>	
<u>77536686</u>	Tremolite	<u>100</u>	
<u>12510428</u>	<u>Erionite</u>	<u>50</u>	[7]
<u>66733219</u>	Erionite (alt. CAS, see CAS 12510428)	<u>50</u>	[7]
<u>1106</u>	Fluoro-edenite fibrous amphibole	<u>100</u>	
<u>96242</u>	3-Monochloro-1,2-propanediol	<u>1</u>	
* =	Nickel compounds including but not limited to:	<u>1</u>	[4]
<u>7718549</u>	Nickel chloride	<u>100</u>	[4]
13138459	Nickel nitrate {Nickel (II) nitrate}	<u>100</u>	[4]
<u>7786814</u>	Nickel sulfate	<u>100</u>	[4]
602879	5-Nitroacenaphthene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>2</u>	
100174	p-Nitroanisole	<u>50</u>	
7496028	6-Nitrochrysene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]		0.001
607578	2-Nitrofluorene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]		<u>5</u>
5522430	1-Nitropyrene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]		0.5
57835924	4-Nitropyrene [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]		1
<del>17117349</del>	3 Nitrobenzanthrone [PAH Derivative/Related, POM]	<del>0.0001</del>	<del>-</del>
==	Nitrotoluenes including but not limited to	100	
88722	2-Nitrotoluene {o-Nitrotoluene}	0.5	
118967	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	0.5	
25321146	Dinitrotoluenes (mixed isomers) including but not limited to:	0.5	
618859	3,5-Dinitrotoluene	<u>100</u>	
<u></u>	Organophosphate Flame Retardants (OPFRs) including:	100	[6]
<u>756796</u>	Dimethyl methylphosphonate {DMMP}	100	[6]
1330785	Tricresyl phosphate {TCP}	<u>100</u>	[6]
115968	Tris(2-chloroethyl) phosphate {TCEP}	<u>50</u>	<del></del>
13674845	Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl)phosphate {TCPP}	<u>100</u>	[7]
1689320	Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl)phosphate {TCPP} (alt. CAS No. 1, see CAS 13674845)	100	[7]
98112324	Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl)phosphate {TCPP} (alt. CAS No. 2, see CAS 13674845)	<u>100</u>	[7]
<u>13674878</u>	Tris(1,3-dichloro-2-propyl) phosphate {TCDP} {TDCPP}	<u>10</u>	
<u>=</u>	PAHs (Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) and Methyl PAHs, including but not limited to:		<u>[10]</u>
<u>1151</u>	PAHs, total, w/o individ. components reported [PAH, POM]		
1151 1150	PAHs, total, with individ. components also reported [PAH, POM]		
203338	Benzofalfluoranthene [PAH, POM]	0.5	
<u>≠⊎3338</u>	— <del>Бельојајниогалинске [ГАП, ГОМ]</del>	<del>0.5</del>	

Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (Ibs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<del>203123</del>	Benze[g,h,i]flueranthene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>189640</u>	<u>Dibenzo[a,h]pyrene [PAH, POM]</u>	<u>1</u>	
<u>189559</u>	<u>Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene [PAH, POM]</u>	<u>1</u>	
<u>191300</u>	Dibenzo[a,l]pyrene [PAH, POM]	<u>1</u>	
	And Methyl PAHs including:	<u>50</u>	
<u>57976</u>	7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.0001</u>	
<u>26914181</u>	Methylanthracene [Methyl PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<del>613127</del>	2-Methylanthracene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<del>0.5</del>	
<del>770022</del>	— 9 Methylanthracene [Methyl PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<del>2422700</del>	12 Methylbenz(a)anthracene [Methyl PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>65357699</u>	Methylbenzopyrene [Methyl PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>56495</u>	3-Methylcholanthrene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.001</u>	
<u>41637905</u>	— Methylchrysene [Methyl PAH, POM]	<u>5</u>	
<u>3351313</u>	3 Methylchrysone [Methyl PAH, POM]	<u>5</u>	
<u>3697243</u>	5-Methylchrysene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.05</u>	
<u>90120</u>	1-Methylnaphthalene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>832699</u>	1-Methylphenanthrene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<del>2381217</del>	1 Methylpyrene [Methyl PAH, POM]	<del>0.5</del>	
<u>7440053</u>	Palladium and compounds	<u>100</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>1155</u>	PBBs (Polybrominated biphenyls) [POM]		
<u>1336363</u>	PCBs (Polychlorinated biphenyls), total [POM] including but not limited to:	<u>0.01</u>	
<u>53469219</u>	Chlorodiphenyl (42% Chlorine, PCB 1242)	<u>0.01</u>	
<u>11097691</u>	Chlorodiphenyl (54% Chlorine, PCB 1254)	<u>0.01</u>	
<u>600146</u>	2,3-Pentanedione	<u>100</u>	
<u>1341453</u>	2,3-Pentanedione (alt./deprecated CAS, see CAS 600146)		
=	Perfluoro and Polyfluoro compounds including but not limited to:		<u>[4]</u>
<u>3825261</u>	Ammonium perfluorooctanoate	<u>10</u>	
<u>17527296</u>	6:2 Fluorotelomer acrylate	<u>100</u>	
647427	6:2 Fluorotelomer alcohol (FtOH 6:2)	100	
678397	8:2 Fluorotelomer alcohol (FtOH 8:2)	100	
865861	10:2 Fluorotelomer alcohol (FtOH 10:2)	100	
425670753	6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonate {FTS 6:2}	100	
481071787	8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonate (FTS 8:2)	100	
757124724	4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid {FTS 4:2}	100	
27619972	6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid	<u>100</u>	
13252136 <u>6203</u> 7803	Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid {HFPO} and its ammonium salt {GenX/GenX Chemicals}	<u>100</u>	
<u>62037803</u>	Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid {HFPO} and its ammonium salt {GenX/Gen x Chemicals} (alt. CAS, see CAS 13252136)	<u>100</u>	
2043530	1-lodo-2-(perfluorooctyl)ethane	<u>100</u>	
<u>1152</u>	Perfluorobutane sulfonate (and salts){PFBS}	<u>100</u>	
<u>375735</u>	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid {PFBS}	<u>100</u>	
375224	Perfluorobutanoic acid {Perfluorobutyric acid} {PFBA}	<u>100</u>	
<u>355464</u>	Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid/sulfonate {PFHxS}	<u>100</u>	

Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
307244	Perfluorohexanoic acid {PFHxA}	100	
1996889	2-Perfluorohexyl ethyl methacrylate {6:2 FTMAC}	100	
382218	Perfluoroisobutylene {PFIB}	1	
62037803	Perfluoro(2-methyl-3-oxahexanoic) acid {GenX/GenX Chemicals} (alt. CAS, see CAS 13252136), and GenX Chemicals	100	
<u>45298906</u>	Perfluorooctane sulfonate {PFOS}	<u>100</u>	
<u>1763231</u>	Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid	<u>100</u>	
307357	Perfluorooctane sulfonyl fluoride	100	
335671	Perfluorooctanoic acid {PFOA}	10	
335660	Perfluorooctanoic acid fluoride	100	
1996889	2-(Perfluorooctyl)ethyl methacryate	100	
<u>==</u>	Phosphine generating compounds	100	[4] [5]
20859738	Aluminum Phosphide	100	[4] [5]
12057748	Magnesium Phosphide	100	[4] [5]
638211	Phenylphosphine	50	<u> </u>
57396	Tris(2-methyl-1-aziridinyl)phosphine oxide	100	<u></u> [5]
1314847	Zinc Phosphide	100	[4] [5]
51810709	Zinc Phosphide (alt. CAS No. 1., see CAS 1314847)	100	<u>[5]</u>
12037795	Zinc Phosphide (alt. CAS No. 2., see CAS 1314847)	100	<u>=</u>
	Phthalates, ortho-Phthalates including:	100	
84695	Di-isobutyl phthalate {DIBP}	100	
26761400	Di-isodecyl phthalate	100	
68515491	Di-isodecyl phthalate, C9-11 branched esters, C10 rich	100	
89167	Di-isodecyl phthalate mixture {Bis(8-methylnonyl) phthalate}	100	
119394455	Di-isodecyl phthalate mixture {1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4,4'-carbonylbis-, 1,1',2,2'-tetraisodecyl ester}	100	
28553120		<u>20</u>	
68515480	Di-isononyl phthalate {DINP}, C8-10 branched esters, C9 rich (alt. CAS, see CAS 28553120)	<u>20</u>	
<u>7440064</u>	Platinum and compounds	<u>100</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>106945</u>	n-Propyl Bromide {1-Bromopropane}	<u>50</u>	
<u>7440166</u>	Rhodium and compounds	<u>50</u>	<u>[4]</u>
<u>7440188</u>	Ruthenium and compounds	<u>100</u>	<u>[4]</u>
*	Selenium compounds including but not limited to:	<u>0.5</u>	[4]
<u>7783791</u>	Selenium hexafluoride	<u>100</u>	
<u>14464461</u>	Silica, crystalline (respirable), in the form of cristobalite	<u>0.1</u>	
<u>14808607</u>	Silica, crystalline (respirable), in the form of quartz	<u>0.1</u>	
9003547	Styrene-acrylonitrile copolymers (must report the individual monomer components)	<u>10</u>	
9003558	Styrene-butadiene copolymers (must report the individual monomer components)	<u>10</u>	
<u>98839</u>	Styrene: Methylstyrene {alpha-Methylstyrene}	<u>10</u>	
<u>7446095</u>	Sulfur dioxide	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>2699798</u>	Sulfuryl fluoride	<u>10</u>	<u>[5]</u>
15721025	2,2',5,5'-Tetrachlorobenzidine	<u>0.0001</u>	

Table B-24. Additional Substances Subject to Initial Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>630206</u>	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>50</u>	
<u>137177</u>	2,4,5-Trimethylaniline and its strong acid salts	<u>50</u>	
<u>526738</u>	1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	<u>10</u>	
108678	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	<u>10</u>	
7440611	Uranium and compounds	<u>100</u>	[4]
9011056	<u>Urea-formaldehyde {UF}</u>	<u>100</u>	
9003229	"Vinyl chloride-vinyl acetate copolymers (must report the individual monomer components)"	<u>100</u>	
<u>9011067</u>	"Vinylidene chloride-vinyl chloride copolymers (must report the individual monomer components)"	<u>100</u>	
[8]	And the following functional groups:		[8]
[Note 8]	Any chemical containing two or more Isocyanate functional groups	<u>0.1</u>	[8]
[Note-8]	Perfluoroalkyl carbonyl, carboxylic acid, and alcohol compounds	<del>100</del>	<del>[8]</del>
[Note-8]	Perfluerealkyl sulfenyl, sulfenic acid, sulfenate and sulfenamide compounds	<del>100</del>	8
[Note 8]	Perfluerealkyl phosphate compounds	<del>100</del>	<del>[8]</del>
[Note 8]	Fluorotelomer-related compounds	<u>100</u>	[8]

<sup>\*</sup> Reporting of substances in Tables B-2, B-3, and B-4 are in addition to those substances identified in Appendix

A-I of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program, version effective

September 26, 2007, as issued by CARB. Reporting for the "Hot Spots" Appendix A-I substances must begin

with the first year in which a facility becomes subject to reporting, and be included for any future required report.

Table B-3. Additional Substances with Health Values Subject to Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
30560191	Acephate	0.5	<u>[5]</u>
<u>50300191</u> 64197	Acetic acid	100	<u></u> [진
108247	Acetic anhydride	100	
124049	Adipic acid	100	
111693	Adiponitrile	100	
116063	Aldicarb	1	<u>[5]</u>
106956	Allyl bromide	<u> </u>	<u></u> [진
96059	Allyl methacrylate	100	
2179591	Allyl propyl disulfide	100	
77094112	2-Amino-3,4-dimethylimidazo[4,5-f]quinoline	<u>100</u> 50	
77500040	2-Amino-3,8-dimethylimidazo[4,5-f]quinoxaline	50	
33089611	Amitraz	0.1	[5]
12125029	Ammonium chloride	100	<u>전</u>
994058	tert-Amyl methyl ether	100	
<u>994038</u> 84651	Anthraguinone [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>100</u> 0.5	
<u>0403 I</u> *	Antimony compounds including but not limited to:	<u>0.5</u>	[4]
=		1	<u>[4]</u>
<u>7803523</u>	Stibine {Antimony hydride} Atrazine	1 20	[E]
<u>1912249</u> 86500		<u>20</u>	<u>[5]</u>
22781233	Azinphosmethyl  Pandiagash	<u>100</u> 50	<u>[5]</u>
	Bendiocarb Reported		[[]
<u>17804352</u>	Benomyl Department of the second of the seco	<u>0.01</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>100527</u>	Benzaldehyde	<u>100</u>	
<u>108985</u>	Benzenethiol  Different wins	<u>100</u>	[6]
82657043	Bisenthrin	<u>0.05</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>39638329</u>	Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	<u>0.05</u>	
<u>80057</u>	Bisphenol A {BPA}	<u>100</u>	
<u>56359</u>	Bis(tributyltin) oxide {TBTO}	<u>5</u>	re1
<u>1303862</u>	Boron oxide	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
10294334	Boron tribromide	<u>100</u>	
<u>10294345</u>	Boron trichloride	<u>100</u>	
<u>109637</u>	Boron trifluoride ethers	<u>100</u>	
<u>353424</u>	Boron trifluoride ethers (alt. CAS, see CAS 109637)	<u>100</u>	
<u>314409</u>	Bromacil	<u>100</u>	
	Brominated and Chlorinated Organic Compounds used as Flame		
=	Retardants:	<u>100</u>	
87821	Hexabromobenzene {HBB}	10	
<u>59080409</u>	2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexabromobiphenyl	10	
67774327	Hexabromobiphenyl mixture including Firemaster FF-1	10	
36355018	Hexabromobiphenyls	10	
108861	Bromobenzene	10	
1689992	Bromoxynil octanoate	100	[5]
75912	tert-Butyl hydroperoxide	100	받
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

Table B-3. Additional Substances with Health Values Subject to Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>98511</u>	<u>p-tert-Butyltoluene</u>	<u>100</u>	
95465999	Cadusafos	<u>0.5</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>1563662</u>	<u>Carbofuran</u>	<u>50</u>	[5]
<u>1333864</u>	Carbon black	<u>50</u>	
<u>353504</u>	Carbonyl fluoride	<u>100</u>	
<u>31242930</u>	Chlorinated diphenyl oxide {Hexachlorodiphenyl ether}	<u>10</u>	
<u>1058</u>	Chlorobenzenes including but not limited to:	<u>100</u>	
<u>95943</u>	_1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	<u>100</u>	
<u>77439760</u>	3-Chloro-4-(dichloromethyl)-5-hydroxy-2(5H)-furanone	<u>50</u>	
<u>1060</u>	Chlorophenols including but not limited to:	<u>100</u>	
<u>108430</u>	3-Chlorophenol {m-Chlorophenol}	<u>100</u>	
<u>106489</u>	4-Chlorophenol {p-Chlorophenol}	<u>100</u>	
<u>583788</u>	2,5-Dichlorophenol	<u>100</u>	
<u>136323</u>	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol sodium salt	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>598787</u>	2-Chloropropionic acid	<u>100</u>	
<u>78897</u>	2-Chloroproponal	<u>100</u>	
<u>2921882</u>	Chlorpyrifos	<u>20</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>1861321</u>	<u>Chlorthal-dimethyl</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>1215</u>	<u>Coal dust</u>	<u>50</u>	
<u>1073</u>	Cyanide compounds (inorganic) including but not limited to:	<u>0.05</u>	<u>[9]</u>
<u>592018</u>	<u>Calcium cyanide</u>	<u>0.05</u>	[9]
<u>151508</u>	Potassium cyanide	<u>0.05</u>	[9]
<u>143339</u>	Sodium cyanide	<u>0.05</u>	<u>[9]</u>
<u>506774</u>	Cyanogen chloride	<u>0.1</u>	
<u>121824</u>	<u>Cyclonite</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>108941</u>	Cyclohexanone	<u>100</u>	
<u>1007289</u>	<u>Des-isopropyl atrazine</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>333415</u>	<u>Diazinon</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>2528361</u>	<u>Dibutyl phenyl phosphate</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>107664</u>	<u>Dibutyl phosphate</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>79436</u>	<u>Dichloroacetic acid</u>	<u>50</u>	
<u>7572294</u>	<u>Dichloroacetylene</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>156592</u>	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene {cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene}	<u>100</u>	
<u>156605</u>	<u>trans-1,2-Dichloroethene</u> {trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene}	<u>50</u>	
=	Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, {2,4-D} and its salts and esters including but not limited to:	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
94757	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid {2,4-D}	<u>50</u>	[5]
<u>2702729</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid salt	<u>50</u>	[5]
<u>5742198</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid diethanolamine salt	<u>50</u>	[5]
2008391	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid dimethylamine salt	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>5742176</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid isopropylamine salt	<u>50</u>	[5]
32341803	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid isopropanolamine salt	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>1929733</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid butoxyethyl ester	<u>50</u>	[5]
94804	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid butyl ester	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>1928434</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid 2-ethylhexyl ester	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>

Table B-3. Additional Substances with Health Values Subject to Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>94111</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid isopropyl ester	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>25168267</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid isooctyl ester	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>1048373723</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid choline salt	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>102545</u>	Dicyclopentaienyl iron {Ferrocene}	<u>100</u>	
<u>111400</u>	Diethylenetriamine	<u>100</u>	
<u>2238075</u>	<u>Diglycidyl ether</u>	<u>20</u>	
<u>60515</u>	<u>Dimethoate</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>25962770</u>	<u>trans-2-[(Dimethylamino)methylimino]-5-[2-(5-nitro-2-furyl)-vinyl]-1,3,4-oxadiazole</u>	<u>50</u>	
<u>124403</u>	<u>Dimethylamine</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>624920</u>	<u>Dimethyl disulfide</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>120616</u>	Dimethyl terephthalate {DMT}	<u>100</u>	
<u>646060</u>	<u>1,3-Dioxolane</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>122394</u>	<u>Diphenylamine</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>85007</u>	<u>Diquat dibromide</u>	<u>100</u>	[5]
138932	Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate	<u>100</u>	
97778	<u>Disulfiram</u>	100	
330541	<u>Diuron</u>	<u>5</u>	[5]
115297	<u>Endosulfan</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>[5]</u>
72208	<u>Endrin</u>	<u>50</u>	[5]
<u>141786</u>	Ethyl acetate	100	
7085850	Ethyl cyanoacrylate	100	
759944	Ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate {EPTC}	<u>50</u>	[5]
<u>107153</u>	<u>Ethylenediamine</u>	<u>100</u>	[5]
628966	Ethylene glycol dinitrate	100	
<u>75081</u>	Ethyl mercaptan	100	
637923	Ethyl-tert-butyl ether {ETBE}	100	
22224926	Fenamiphos	10	[5]
51630581	<u>Fenvalerate</u>	100	[5]
12604589	Ferrovanadium, dust	100	
131341861	Fludioxonil	100	<u>[5]</u>
1101	Fluorides and compounds including but not limited to:	100	
15096523	Sodium aluminum fluoride	100	
7681494	Sodium fluoride	100	
69409945	Fluvalinate	100	<u>[5]</u>
75127	Formamide	100	
64186	Formic Acid	100	
39148248	Fosetyl-al	100	<u>[5]</u>
98011	Furfural	100	
98000	Furfuryl alcohol	50	
7782652	Germanium tetrahydride	100	
107222	Glyoxal	<u>50</u>	
1071836	Glyphosate	1	<u>[5]</u>
7440586	Hafnium and compounds	<u>±</u> <u>20</u>	[4]
<u>142825</u>	Heptane	100	

Table B-3. Additional Substances with Health Values Subject to Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>70304</u>	<u>Hexachlorophene</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>684162</u>	<u>Hexafluoroacetone</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>116154</u>	<u>Hexafluoropropylene</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>85427</u>	Hexahydrophthalic anhydride, all isomers	<u>0.001</u>	
<u>13149003</u>	Hexahydrophthalic anhydride, all isomers (alt. CAS, see CAS 85427)		
<u>14166213</u>	Hexahydrophthalic anhydride, all isomers (alt. CAS, see CAS 85427)		
<u>61788327</u>	Hydrogenated terphenyls, nonirradiated	<u>100</u>	
<u>420042</u>	Hydrogen cyanamide {Cyanamide}	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>7722841</u>	Hydrogen peroxide (excluding 5% or less solutions)	<u>100</u>	
<u>35554440</u>	<u>lmazalil</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>7553562</u>	<u>lodine</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>75478</u>	<u>lodoform</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>36734197</u>	<u>lprodione</u>	<u>5</u>	[5]
<u>1309371</u>	<u>Iron oxide</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>78831</u>	Isobutyl alcohol	<u>100</u>	
<u>542563</u>	Isobutyl nitrite	<u>50</u>	
4016142	Isopropyl glycidyl ether	100	
463514	Ketene	100	
330552	<u>Linuron</u>	<u>5</u>	[5]
1309484	Magnesium oxide	100	<u>[5]</u>
121755	Malathion	10	<u>[5]</u>
*	Manganese compounds including but not limited to:	0.1	<u>[4]</u>
<u>12079651</u>	Manganese cyclopentadienyl tricarbonyl	<u>50</u>	[4]
12108133	2-Methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl	100	<u>[4]</u>
<u>137428</u>	Metam sodium	<u>5</u>	[5]
<u>79414</u>	Methacrylic acid	<u>100</u>	
<u>10265926</u>	<u>Methamidophos</u>	<u>100</u>	[5]
950378	Methidathion	1	<u>[5]</u>
16752775	Methomyl	5	<u>[5]</u>
<u>150765</u>	4-Methoxyphenol {1-Hyroxy-4-methoxybenzene} {Hydroquinone monomethyl ether}	<u>100</u>	
<u>126987</u>	<u>Methylacrylonitrile</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>74895</u>	<u>Methylamine</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>591786</u>	Methyl-n-butyl ketone	<u>100</u>	
<u>598550</u>	Methyl carbamate	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>137053</u>	Methyl cyanoacrylate	<u>100</u>	
<u>8022002</u>	Methyl demeton	<u>20</u>	
<u>5124301</u>	Methylene bis(4-cyclohexylisocyanate)	<u>100</u>	
<u>1338234</u>	Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>563804</u>	Methyl isopropyl ketone	<u>100</u>	
<u>298000</u>	Methyl parathion	<u>10</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>12001262</u>	<u>Mica</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>100618</u>	Monomethyl aniline {N-Methylaniline}	<u>100</u>	
<u>110918</u>	<u>Morpholine</u>	<u>100</u>	
3795888	5-(Morpholinomethyl)-3-[(5-nitrofurfurylidene)amino]-2-oxazolidinone	<u>0.5</u>	

Table B-3. Additional Substances with Health Values Subject to Quantification and Reporting\*

	•	Applicable	
Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>88671890</u>	<u>Myclobutanil</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>8030306</u>	Naphtha {coal tar}	<u>100</u>	
<u>86884</u>	1-Naphthylthiourea {ANTU} {1-(1-Naphthyl)-2-thiourea}	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>60391926</u>	N-Carboxymethyl-N-nitrosourea	<u>50</u>	
<u>1929824</u>	<u>Nitrapyrin</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>17117349</u>	3-Nitrobenzanthrone [PAH-Derivative/Related, POM]	<u>0.0001</u>	
<u>75525</u>	<u>Nitromethane</u>	<u>50</u>	
<u>127195</u>	N,N-Dimethylacetamide	<u>50</u>	
=	Nitrotoluenes including but not limited to	<u>100</u>	
<u>99081</u>	3-Nitrotoluene {m-Nitrotoluene}	<u>100</u>	
<u>99990</u>	4-Nitrotoluene {p-Nitrotoluene}	<u>100</u>	
99558	5-Nitro-o-toluidine	<u>100</u>	
19044883	<u>Oryzalin</u>	<u>5</u>	[5]
19666309	<u>Oxadiazon</u>	<u>50</u>	[5]
42874033	<u>Oxyfluorfen</u>	<u>100</u>	[5]
7783417	Oxygen difluoride	0.1	
	PAHs (Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) and Methyl PAHs,		
=	including but not limited to:		
<u>191264</u>	Anthanthrene {Dibenzo[cd,jk]pyrene} [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>202335</u>	Benz[j]aceanthrylene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>214175</u>	Benzo[b]chrysene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>203338</u>	Benzo[a]fluoranthene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>203123</u>	Benzo[g,h,i]fluoranthene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>205129</u>	Benzo[c]fluorene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>195197</u>	Benzo[c]phenanthrene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>191071</u>	Coronene [PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>215587</u>	<u>Dibenz[a,c]anthracene [PAH, POM]</u>	<u>0.1</u>	
<u>224419</u>	<u>Dibenz[a,j]anthracene [PAH, POM]</u>	<u>0.1</u>	
<u>192518</u>	<u>Dibenzo[e,I]pyrene [PAH, POM]</u>	<u>0.5</u>	
	And Methyl PAHs including:		
<u>26914181</u>	Methylanthracene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>613127</u>	2-Methylanthracene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>779022</u>	9-Methylanthracene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>2422799</u>	12-Methylbenz(a)anthracene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>65357699</u>	Methylbenzopyrene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>41637905</u>	Methylchrysene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>5</u>	
<u>3351313</u>	3-Methylchrysene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>5</u>	
<u>2531842</u>	2-Methylphenanthrene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>2381217</u>	1-Methylpyrene [Methyl-PAH, POM]		
<u>3353126</u>	4-Methylpyrene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>483658</u>	Retene [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
2245387	2,3,5-Trimethylnaphthalene {1,6,7-Trimethylnaphthalene} [Methyl-PAH, POM]	<u>0.5</u>	
<u>1910425</u>	Paraquat	<u>20</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>1155</u>	PBBs (Polybrominated biphenyls) [POM] including but not limited to:	<u>1</u>	

Table B-3. Additional Substances with Health Values Subject to Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (lbs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
<u>13654096</u>	<u>Decabromobiphenyl</u>	<u>1</u>	
<u>61288139</u>	Octabromobiphenyl	<u>1</u>	
<u>40487421</u>	<u>Pendimethalin</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>19624227</u>	<u>Pentaborane</u>	<u>20</u>	
<u>60348609</u>	Pentabromodiphenyl ether mixture [DE-71 (technical grade)]	<u>1</u>	
<u>608935</u>	<u>Pentachlorobenzene</u>	<u>10</u>	
<u>76017</u>	<u>Pentachloroethane</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>1321648</u>	<u>Pentachloronaphthalene</u>	<u>100</u>	
<u>594423</u>	Perchloromethyl mercaptan	<u>50</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>7616946</u>	Perchloryl fluoride	<u>100</u>	
<u> </u>	Perfluoro and Polyfluoro compounds including but not limited to:		
<u>68141026</u>	Chromium (III) perfluorooctanoate	<u>100</u>	
<u>375951</u>	Perfluorononanoic acid {PFNA}	<u>10</u>	
<u>52645531</u>	<u>Permethrin</u>	<u>100</u>	[5]
108452	meta-Phenylenediamine	<u>50</u>	
<u>95545</u>	o-Phenylenediamine and its salts	<u>50</u>	[5]
615281	o-Phenylenediamine dihydrochloride	<u>50</u>	[5]
100630	Phenylhydrazine and its salts	<u>50</u>	
<u>59881</u>	Phenylhydrazine hydrochloride	<u>100</u>	
298022	Phorate	<u>20</u>	[5]
732116	Phosmet	<u>100</u>	[5]
=	Phthalates, ortho-Phthalates including:	<u>100</u>	
71888896	Di-isoheptyl phthalate {DIHP}	<u>100</u>	
<u>128030</u>	Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate	<u>100</u>	[5]
709988	Propanil	<u>100</u>	[5]
2312358	<u>Propargite</u>	<u>50</u>	[5]
107197	Propargyl alcohol	100	
71238	n-Propyl alcohol	100	
6423434	Propylene glycol dinitrate	100	
23950585	Propyzamide	100	[5]
10453868	Resmethrin	50	<u>[5]</u>
409212	Silicon carbide whiskers	50	_
122349	Simazine	10	[5]
26628228	Sodium azide	0.1	_
7758192	Sodium chlorite	100	
128041	Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate	100	
78488	S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate {Tribufos}	2	[5]
9014011	Subtilisins	0.1	_
1395217	Subtilisins (alt. CAS, see CAS 9014011)	0.1	
5714227	Sulfur pentafluoride	0.01	
7783600	Sulfur tetrafluoride	0.01	
7783804	Tellurium hexafluoride	100	
79276	1,1,2,2-Tetrabromoethane	100	

Table B-3. Additional Substances with Health Values Subject to Quantification and Reporting\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name [Note 2]	Applicable Degree of Accuracy (Ibs/yr) [Note 3]	<u>Notes</u>
116143	Tetrafluoroethylene	50	
109999	Tetrahydrofuran	50	
3333526	Tetramethyl succinonitrile	100	
<u>96695</u>	4,4'-Thiobis(6-tert-butyl-m-cresol)	<u>100</u>	
<u>68111</u>	Thioglycolic acid and salts	<u>100</u>	
<u>7719097</u>	Thionyl chloride	<u>0.1</u>	
23564058	Thiophanate methyl	<u>1</u>	[5]
<u>137268</u>	<u>Thiram</u>	<u>1</u>	[5]
<u>7440315</u>	<u>Tin</u>	<u>100</u>	[4]
<u>1332292</u>	<u>Tin Oxide</u>	<u>100</u>	[4]
<u>13463677</u>	<u>Titanium dioxide</u>	<u>50</u>	[4]
<u>108441</u>	m-Toluidine	<u>100</u>	
43121433	<u>Triadimefon</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>[5]</u>
<u>76039</u>	Trichloroacetic acid	<u>50</u>	
<u>552307</u>	Trimellitic anhydride	<u>0.1</u>	
<u>75503</u>	Trimethylamine	<u>100</u>	
<u>121459</u>	Trimethyl phosphite	<u>100</u>	
50471448	Vinclozolin	<u>50</u>	[5]
88120	N-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidone	<u>100</u>	
25013154	Vinyl toluene	<u>100</u>	
1300738	Xylidine	<u>100</u>	
<u>95681</u>	2,4-Xylidine	<u>100</u>	
7440655	Yttrium and compounds	<u>100</u>	

<sup>\*</sup> Reporting of substances in Tables B-2, B-3, and B-4 are in addition to those substances identified in Appendix A-I of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program, version effective September 26, 2007, as issued by CARB. Reporting for the "Hot Spots" Appendix A-I substances must begin with the first year in which a facility becomes subject to reporting, and be included for any future required report.

<u>Table B-4. Additional PFAS-Related Substances for Wastewater Treatment Facilities\*</u>

Emittent ID	dditional PFAS-Related Substances for Wastewater Treatment Facilities
[Note 1]	Substance Name (and acronym if available)
375224	Perfluorobutanoic acid {Perfluorobutyric acid} {PFBA}
2706903	Perfluoropentanoic acid {PFPeA}
307244	Perfluorohexanoic acid {PFHxA}
375859	Perfluoroheptanoic acid {PFHpA}
335671	Perfluorooctanoic acid {PFOA}
2795393	Perfluorooctanoic acid {PFOA} and its salts, esters, and sulfonates
335660	Perfluorooctanoic acid fluoride
3825261	Ammonium perfluorooctanoate
375951	Perfluorononanoic acid {PFNA}
335762	Perfluorodecanoic acid {PFDA}
2058948	Perfluoroundecanoic acid {PFUnA}
307551	Perfluorododecanoic acid {PFDoA}
72629948	Perfluorotridecanoic acid {PFTrDA}
376067	Perfluorotetradecanoic acid {PFTeDA}
67905195	Perfluorohexadecanoic acid {PFHxDA}
16517116	Perfluorooctadecanoic acid {PFODA}
375735	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid {PFBS}
1152	Perfluorobutane sulfonate (and salts)
2706914	Perfluoropentane sulfonic acid
175905369	Perfluoropentane sulfonate {PFPeS}
355464	Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid/sulfonate {PFHxS}
375928	Perfluoroheptane sulfonic acid
1763231	Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid
45298906	Perfluorooctane sulfonate {PFOS}
307357	Perfluorooctane sulfonyl fluoride
474511074	Perfluorononane sulfonate {PFNS}
333773	Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid
754916	Perfluorooctane sulfonamide {PFOSA}
1691992	N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethyl alcohol {N-EtFOSE}
24448097	N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol {N-MeFOSE}
<u>2991506</u>	N-Ethyl-N-((heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl)glycine (see 2-(N-Ethyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamido)acetic acid)
<u>4151502</u>	N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamid {EtFOSA} {MeFOSAm} {Sulfluramid}
31506328	Perfluoro-N-methyloctanesulfonamide {N-MeFOSA}
2355319	N-(Heptadecafluorooctylsulfonyl)-N-methylglycine {NMeFOSAA}
<u>2991506</u>	2-(N-Ethyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamido)acetic acid {NEtFOSAA}
<u>757124724</u>	4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid {FTS 4:2}
27619972	6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid
425670753	6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonate {FTS 6:2}
647427	6:2 Fluorotelomer alcohol {FtOH 6:2}
17527296	6:2 Fluorotelomer acrylate
1996889	2-Perfluorohexyl ethyl methacrylate {6:2 FTMAC}
37858030	6:2 Fluorotelomer acetate
39108344	8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid

Table B-4. Additional PFAS-Related Substances for Wastewater Treatment Facilities\*

Emittent ID [Note 1]	Substance Name (and acronym if available)
<u>481071787</u>	8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonate <del>{FTS 8:2}</del>
<u>678397</u>	8:2 Fluorotelomer alcohol {FtOH 8:2}
<u>120226600</u>	10:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid {FTS 10:2}
<u>865861</u>	10:2 Fluorotelomer alcohol {FtOH 10:2}
<u>13252136</u> (Alt 62037803)	Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid {HFPO} and its ammonium salt {GenX/Gen X Chemicals}
62037803	Perfluoro(2-methyl-3-oxahexanoic) acid {GenX/GenX Chemicals}
958445448	Ammonium 4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoate {ADONA Ammonium salt}
<u>382218</u>	Perfluoroisobutylene {PFIB}
<u>1996889</u>	2-(Perfluorooctyl)ethyl methacryate {6:2 FTMAC}
2043530	1-lodo-2-(perfluorooctyl)ethane
<u>356025</u>	3:3 Fluorotelomer carboxylic acid {2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorohexanoic acid}(3:3 FTCA)
914637493	5:3 Fluorotelomer carboxylic acid {2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid} {5:3 acid} {FTCA 5:3}
<u>812704</u>	7:3 Fluorotelomer carboxylic acid {2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorodecanoic acid}
<u>756426581</u>	9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane-1-sulfonic acid {9-Cl-PF3ONS}
763051929	11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid {11-Cl-PF3OUdS}
<u>151772586</u>	Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid {NFDHA}
<u>113507827</u>	Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane) sulfonic acid {PFEESA}
<u>863090895</u>	Perfluoro-4-methoxybutanoic acid {PFMBA}
<u>377731</u>	Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid {PFMPA}

<sup>\*</sup> Reporting of substances in Tables B-2, B-3, and B-4 are in addition to those substances identified in Appendix A-I of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program, version effective September 26, 2007, as issued by CARB. Reporting for the "Hot Spots" Appendix A-I substances must begin with the first year in which a facility becomes subject to reporting, and be included for any future required report.

## NOTES for Tables B-2, B-3, and B-4:

- [1] Emittent ID (the emittent identification number) is the Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) number where available, or a CARB-assigned 4-digit emittent ID code.

  A double dash ("- -") is shown for the Emittent ID to indicate that the entry is a non-reportable group header for the substances immediately following it.
- [2] Individual substances listed under a group heading must be reported individually. Other, unspecified substances in the group must be summed and reported using the emittent ID of the group heading.
  - The square bracket designation, "[]", indicates that the substance is a component of the chemical group heading(s) within the brackets.
  - The braces designation, "{ }", indicates a synonym for the substance listed.
- [3] Applicable degree of accuracy (in lbs/year except where noted). Radionuclides must be reported in Curie units, and the accuracy must be considered accordingly

## Emission Quantification and Degree of Accuracy:

- a. Following the phase-in schedule provided in Table A-1 of this article, emissions data-reports shall include emission estimates, in accordance with the instructions that follow, for any substances released to the atmosphere that are listed in Table B-1 of Appendix B of this article.
- b. For each substance listed in Table B-1, the total facility emissions from processes shall be reported to within plus or minus 10 percent of the total emissions of the substance, or to within plus or minus the applicable degree of accuracy value in Table B-1 for that substance, whichever is greater, in accordance with the instructions in which follow pertaining to "Using Degree of Accuracy Values in Reporting Facility Emissions."

The degree of accuracy values shall be applied on a facility-wide basis, not at the level of each process. For reporting, the total facility emissions of substances shall be rounded to the nearest unit of the applicable degree of accuracy to determine whether they must be reported. If facility emissions of a substance exceed one-half of the applicable degree of accuracy unit for the substance, the substance emissions shall be reported.

## Using Degree of Accuracy Values in Reporting Facility Emissions:

The general use of the degree of accuracy values is described above. The actual degree of accuracy values for each substance are listed in Appendix B, Table B-1. This text specifically describes how to apply the degree of accuracy values when reporting facility emissions.

Note that degree of accuracy values are to be applied on a facility-wide basis, and not at the process level. For reporting, the total facility emissions of substances should be rounded to the nearest unit of the applicable degree of accuracy to determine if they must be reported under CTR. In other words, if facility emissions of a substance exceed one-half of the applicable degree of accuracy unit for the substance, then the substance

emissions shall be reported. For example, assume that the total emissions of benzene from a facility are 1.7 lbs/year. The degree of accuracy value for benzene is 2 lbs/yr. Because the facility emissions exceed one-half of the benzene degree of accuracy, the emissions must be reported for any devices emitting benzene. If the total facility benzene emissions were 0.9 lbs/yr, the emissions (to the nearest unit of two pounds) would round down to zero and would not need to be reported under the CTR reporting requirements.

[4] Emissions of unspecified metal compounds shall be reported as the amount of the metal atom equivalent, using the metal emittent identification number for the metal itself; (or using the emittent identification number indicated on the table, such as for reporting inorganic versus other-than-inorganic arsenic compounds),or for reporting soluble versus insoluble cobalt compounds.

For unspecified metal compounds which contain two or more listed metals (e.g., zinc chromate), each component metal shall be reported as the amount of the appropriate metal atom equivalent (i.e., the zinc portion of the weight as zinc equivalent and the chromate portion as hexavalent chromium equivalent.

For specific, individually listed metal compounds (e.g., Lead chromate or Cobalt oxalate), emissions shall be reported for the compound (as pounds of whole compound), using the emittent identification number for that compound.

The rare earth elements and their compounds shall be treated in the same way.

- [5] For facilities that are subject to Hot Spots applicability provisions, for pesticide-related substances, reporting is required except during the time it is acting as a pesticide at an operation which is not a facility subject to the Hot Spots program (e.g. during typical field application).
- [6] Additional Organophosphate Flame Retardants (OPFRs) are listed under the category "Brominated and Chlorinated Organics Compounds used as Flame Retardants."
- [7] When multiple CAS appear to be used for the same chemical, we have included these CAS on the list.
- [8] The facility operator shall report the CAS number and complete chemical name for any substance meeting the definition of this functional group class.
- [9] Compounds of the form "X-CN", where formal dissociation can occur. Report as the amount of Cyanide equivalent in the compound using an emittent identification code of 1073.
- [10] PAH: (Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon) An organic compound consisting of a fused ring structure containing at least two (2) benzene rings, and which may also contain additional fused rings not restricted exclusively to hexagonal rings. The structure does not include any heteroatoms or substituent groups. The structure includes only carbon and hydrogen. PAHs are a subgroup of POM and have a boiling point of greater than or equal to 100 C. Reporting of individual PAHs is required.

[11] The emittent identification number 1105 has been discontinued for all facilities reporting for the first time and for all updates. Use the listed replacement emittent identification codes 1103 and 1104.